THOS. KITCHIN.
The Nanaimo Realty Investment & Trust Agency,
NANAIMO.
NANAIMO, KASLO and ALBERNI property a specialty.
KASLO IS GOOD TO BUY.

The Daily Colonist.

D. E. Campbell. PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST
CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS ST.

VOL. LXXI.--NO. 67 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 28 1894. THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR.

ANNUAL CLEARING SALE

We want to reduce our entire stock before the New Goods arrive.

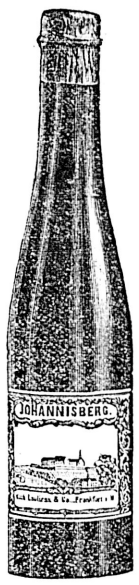
LOOK AT OUR SPECIAL PRICES

—ON—

SILVERWARE, WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, CANES, CUTLERY, DIAMONDS, NOVELTIES STERLING SILVER GOODS

CHALLONER & MITCHELL, THE IMPORTING JEWELERS. No. 47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

RHINE WINES



Laubenheimer
Neirsteiner,
Rudesheimer,
Hockheimer,
Steinwein,
Liebfraumilch,
Sparkling Moselle.

HUDSON'S BAY CO'Y, VICTORIA.
fe3

THE ECONOMIC QUALITIES OF JERSEY BRAND CONDENSED MILK ARE UNSURPASSED.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR JERSEY BRAND CONDENSED MILK

AND TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. As a Food for Infants and Invalids the Jersey Brand is admittedly the best on the market. Absolute purity guaranteed by the manufacturers.

FORREST CANNING CO'Y, HALIFAX, N S

SHOES THAT GIVE COMFORT

SOLID, ALL-ROUND COMFORT, are rare; but we have them—in fact they are the only kind we have. Our Shoes give comfort to the feet, no matter how tender. They last long and are not hard on the pocketbook.

LOOK! A Line of Ladies Buttoned Boots going at $1.00 PER PAIR

A. B. ERSKINE,
Cor. Government and Johnson Streets.

OGILVIE'S HUNGARIAN.

HAS NO EQUAL A GRANULAR, CREAMY FLOUR. HAS NO EQUAL

KAMLOOPS, B.C., February 9th, 1894.

Messrs. OGILVIE MILLING CO., Winnipeg, Man.

Gentlemen,—Car Flour of 19th January, 1894, arrived O.K. Your Flour is good—away up—big improvement on the old process. There is no doubt but that it knocks out everything that has yet come on the market in the shape of Flour.
(Signed) J. S. SMITH, Baker and Confectioner.

REQUIRES MORE WATER THAN OTHER FLOUR
MAKE THE SPONGE THIN
KEEP THE DOUGH SOFT
DO NOT MAKE IT STIFF

G. M. LEISHMAN, VICTORIA, AGENT FOR B. C.
jy23

EX. CANDIDA

AND OTHER ARRIVALS:

CHAMPAGNE—
CAMUSET EXTRA DRY.
PERRIER JOUET EXTRA.
CLICQUOT DRY.
MOET DRY IMPERIAL.
POMMERY EXTRA SEC.

BURGUNDY—
Poulet, Pere et Fils' BEAUNE.
" " POMMARD.
" " VOLNAY.

CLARET—
G. Preller & Co., ST. EMILION.
ZANGRONIZ, MARGAUX.

SAUTERNE—
G. Preller & Co., HAUTE SAUTERNE.

WHISKEY—
Brown's FOUR CROWN SCOTCH (Sole Agents)
Jameson's IRISH.
H. Walker & Co.'s IMPERIAL, CLUB and RYE.

PORT,
SHERRY
APOLLINARIS, &C.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.
de14-1m

MONEY TO LOAN
On security of Improved Real Estate. Apply to
ARTHUR ROBERTSON,
de22 6 Bastion Square.

Chimney Sweeping and Carpet Beating
Grates set and defective flues fixed, etc. A work guaranteed. Address
WM. NEAL,
au21 City Bill Poster 32 Quadra St

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A woman to do family washing. Apply "family," this office. fe28

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. H. Behnsen, 2 Centre Road, Spring Ridge. fe28 3t

WANTED—Young man, honest and reliable, wants work of any kind. Address W., Colonist office. fe28 3t

WANTED—A nurse girl. Apply Mrs. Hall, No. 8 Stanley avenue. fe28-3t

WANTED—A general servant in small family. Apply at No. 7 Richardson street fe28 3t

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Boat 23 feet; 6-foot beam; centre board, spars, etc; for small row boat. Mirror Saloon. fe28-1t

FOR SALE—A permanent investment, earning fifteen per cent. net; centrally located on business street. Winnett & Cooper, 18 Trounce avenue. fe28-1t

COME IN, find something you want, lay down the money and learn how much you can get for a dollar. Cameron, the Clothier, 55 Johnson street fe28-1t

LATEST system of dress cutting still taught and dresses cut and fitted. 98 Yates St. fe27-3t

YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS

When entrusted to our care are prepared with the purest drugs, by registered pharmacists.

COCHRANE & MUNN,
Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO.

NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON

S.S. CHESTER ....March 10, 8:00 a.m.
S.S. BERLIN .....March 21, 6:00 a.m.
S.S. NEW YORK ..March 28, 10:00 a.m.
S.S. PARIS.....April 4, 3:00 p.m.
S.S. BERLIN .....April 11, 8:00 a m.

For full particulars apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent,
Cor. Government and Fort Sts, Victoria, B.C.
no10-1y-eod

CARD OF THANKS.

J. H. Brownlee, Esq., Equitable Life Agency, Victoria, B.C.

DEAR SIR—On behalf of the beneficiary, I beg to acknowledge, with thanks, receipt of cheque for $2,000.00, being payment of claim under policy No. 370,772, on the life of Henry Anderson.

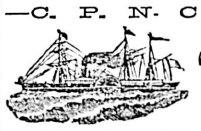
Such prompt action on the part of your Society deserves the favorable consideration of intending assurers.

Yours truly,
JOHN J. AUSTIN,
fe27-3t Agent for the Beneficiary.

CURLING TONGS

In great variety just received at

The Central Drug Store,
Clarence Block, Cor Yates and Dougla Sts.
ja26 1m

—C. P. N. CO., L'D.—
STEAMER

"DANUBE,"
(Meyer, Master.)
will leave Turner, Beeton & Co's Wharf
—FOR—
Naas River, Fort Simpson and Way Ports
THURSDAY, MARCH 1ST, AT 6 O'CLOCK P M.
For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 61 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.
The Company reserves the right to change this time table at any time without notification.
fe17 JOHN IRVING, Manager.

Young Men's Christian Associat'n

A PUBLIC MEETING

Of all subscribers, sympathizers, etc., ladies and gentlemen, will be held in the Hall of the Association on

Friday, March 2nd, at 8 O'Clock p m.

for the purpose of REORGANIZING the Association.

The Rooms will be REOPENED permanently on Monday, March 5th, and all persons who wish to become members or to help on the work in any way are earnestly invited to attend. This invitation means YOU.

ESPERANZA—For table board. fe25-7t

CURES HEADACHE

By acting on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, removing morbid matter and thoroughly cleansing the entire system, Burdock Blood Bitters promptly removes Headaches of all kinds, no matter how obstinate or severe. Constipation, Dyspepsia and Bad Blood are the usual causes of Headache, B.B.B. removes these and with them also the Headache disappears. Note the following

STRONG EVIDENCE:

"My Sick Headache occurred every week for forty years, I took three bottles of B.B.B., have had no headache for months, and recommend it highly."
MRS. E. A. STORY, Shetland, Ont.

UNEASINESS IN AFRICA.

Europeans at Bathurst Arming so as to Guard Against Surprise.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Another dispatch from Bathurst says that the uneasiness among the natives is increasing. The powerful Chief Mousamoula, at the head of 5,000 warriors, is expected to join Chief Fodisilah. All Europeans have been armed, in order to guard the town against surprise. Five hundred troops have left Sierra Leone to reinforce the troops at Bathurst.

We are looking for a "Good Spring Trade," and our customers are always looking for something really "New." When passing, drop in at Weiler's, on Fort street. You wil see just what you want. *

GLADSTONE TO RESIGN.

The Grand Old Man Suffering From a Cataract of the Eye and Other Ailments.

Report That He Will Withdraw To Be Succeeded by Lord Rosebery.

LONDON, Feb. 27th.—Inquiries made by representatives of the United Press tend to confirm the report that Mr. Gladstone's resignation is inevitable within a few weeks. Since Mr. Gladstone's return from Biarritz, the cataract which has been formed in his eye has ripened fast, and Doctors Bond Grainger and other physicians whom he has consulted consider an early operation advisable. The treatment will necessarily involve seclusion in a darkened room for a long time, probably three months, with a complete cessation of all work attended by brain strain, or worry. Mr. Gladstone's colleagues wish him to postpone his resignation of the Premiership until the latest possible moment and to retain a sinecure seat in the cabinet; such as by taking the office of Lord Privy Seal.

The Liberals are divided in opinion as to whether Mr. Gladstone's retirement will be temporary or permanent. Mr. Gladstone himself freely tells his friends that his hearing is going with his eyesight. His health otherwise, however, is still vigorous. His voice in last night's debate in the House of Commons was full and clear, and his bearing was upright and firm. The Radicals, who believe him an obstacle to the reform of the House of Lords, hold that Mr. Gladstone's withdrawal from the ministry, in a few days, will be final. The story is, however, officially denied. Mr. Gladstone's followers, the Tory press assert, have become agitated almost to the verge of a panic by the statements of his intended resignation. Though there are still many doubters, the reports of his immediate withdrawal from office find most credence among his supporters.

In to-day's Sun T. P. O'Connor, M.P., says: "A competent authority gives it that his eyesight is the actual reason for his resignation, but the situation is further aggravated by the position of a certain member of the cabinet with reference to the naval programme. Nobody has the least idea of what a day may bring forth, though my own opinion is that Mr. Gladstone will refuse to resign."

The Edinburgh Evening News, in commenting upon the report that Mr. Gladstone has resigned and that he will recommend Lord Rosebery as his successor, recalls a speech made by Mr. Gladstone at Manchester, in June, 1886, in which he said: "Lord Rosebery is a man of whom you will hear more than you have yet heard. In him the Liberal party see a man of the future." The same journal adds: "As Lord Rosebery has been for many years an advocate of ending, under the guise of mending, the House of Lords, even the Radical incorruptibles ought to give him their loyal support. Liberals generally must ask whether under Lord Rosebery or Sir William Harcourt the party could go before the country with a chance of success. There can hardly be two opinions. Lord Rosebery is the man."

The Daily Graphic, this morning, says that it has received information that the situation, as far as Mr. Gladstone is concerned, remains exactly the same as it was when Sir Algernon West sent out his statement from Biarritz on January 31. Apart from the contingencies mentioned in that statement, the Graphic adds, Mr. Gladstone intends to remain at the head of the Government and to continue to lead his party in the House of Commons during the coming session.

The Standard (Conservative) says there is no doubt that the retirement of Mr. Gladstone cannot be long delayed, and in a kindly way it refers to the personal aspect of the event. It would be deplorable, it says, if any one in the Opposition should view his retirement with indifference. The Standard predicts that his withdrawal will lead to the disruption of the Liberal party.

The Daily Chronicle says: "The situation has undergone a rapid change in a few days. The situation that was enunciated in the Biarritz dispatch no longer exists. The retirement of Mr. Gladstone is a matter of the near future. The man whom the Liberal party would summon to its headship with preponderating preference is Lord Rosebery. Mr. Labouchere is the centre of the opposition to his candidature mainly because he is a peer. The Irish would be inclined to support either Lord Rosebery or Lord Spencer, but would certainly claim pledges regarding Home Rule from any successor to Mr. Gladstone before giving him their votes.

The Times regards the official denial of the reports of Mr. Gladstone's resignation as equivalent to a decision to postpone what has virtually been determined upon. It dilates upon the supposed divergence of opinion in the cabinet, especially in regard to many expenditures, and expresses the opinion that after Mr. Gladstone's retirement nobody will be able to hold together the diverse elements composing the present majority in the House of Commons. Lord Rosebery's leadership, the Times adds, would doubtless be more acceptable to the country than the leadership of any other Liberal; but he would be incessantly argued against by the Radicals, who would probably receive the support of the Irish.

The Daily News denies that Mr. Gladstone has resigned and refuses to devote any space in discussing the idle talk of a speedy dissolution of Parliament. It says: Parliament will not be dissolved until the government has exhausted the mandate of the electors or forfeited the confidence of the House of Commons." In discussing the possibility of his infirmity compelling Mr. Gladstone to retire, an event which it hopes is far distant, the News says there is no doubt that Lord Rosebery will succeed to the Premiership and that Sir William Harcourt will become leader of the House of Commons.

PERFECTLY CURED.

SIRS.—I have been greatly troubled with headache and bad blood for ten or twelve years. I started to take Burdock Blood Bitters in July, 1892, and now (January, 1893) I am perfectly cured. HUGH DRAIN, Norwood, Ont.

French China Tea Sets at Cheapside. *

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Considerable Interest in the Railway Group—The Industrials Generally Strong—St. Paul Very Active.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Speculative interest has shifted to a great extent from the railway list, although the Industrials were not neglected by any means. St. Paul, which was taken in hand by well-known operators, was advanced from 57½ to 59⅝, and the stock figured for 42,160 shares out of a grand total of 147,521 shares. In some quarters there was a disposition to attribute the rise in the railway group to the decision in the case brought against Freight Agent James, of the Lake Shore, for violating the Inter State Commerce law. A cursory glance shows that the court has simply affirmed a well-known principle of law that a witness has the right to refuse to answer incriminating questions. Most people in the room, however, ascribed the rise to artfully placed orders rather than to any new legal development. The other grangers outside of St. Paul advanced ⅛ to 1 per cent., while the trunk lines moved up ¼ to ½ per cent., except the "Big Four," which rose 1¼ on limited transactions. The industrials were strong for Sugar, General Electric and Lead, and irregular for Chicago Gas and Whiskey. The market closed firm and ⅛ to 1⅜ per cent. higher. In the specialties, Erie preferred dropped 1¾ to 37 and recovered to 38½. Closing bids: Atchison, 12⅛; Burlington & Quincy, 76¼; Canada Southern, 49¾; Canadian Pacific, 66⅛; Central Pacific, 13½; Chicago, Cincinnati & Columbus, 36⅝; Delaware & Lackawanna, 16⅝; Erie, 16⅝; Wells Fargo, 128; Lake Shore, 126½; Louisville & Nashville, 46½; Missouri Pacific, 22⅛; New York Central, 98½; New England, 10¾; North American, 4; Northern Pacific, 4¼; Northern Pacific, preferred, 17¾; Northwest, 103½; Oregon Navigation, 20; Oregon Improvement, 11½; Pacific Mail, 17; Reading, 11¼; Rock Island, 57⅞; Southern Pacific, 22⅝; St. Paul, 58⅝; Texas Pacific, 8; Union Pacific, 18⅛; Western Union, 84⅝. Bar silver, 60¾. Money on call, 1 to 1½. Foreign exchange sterling, 4 87½ for 60 days; 4 89 on demand. Union Pacific, firsts of 1896, 104 bid; Central Pacific, firsts of 1895, 103½ bid.

MR. MORLEY'S RECEPTION.

The Chief Secretary for Ireland the Object of a Resentful Demonstration.

He Is Called Upon to Say Why Promises Have Not Been Fulfilled.

CORK, Feb. 27.—The visit to Ireland of Right. Hon. John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland, has caused a demonstration of the feeling of resentment which the Home Rulers have cherished against him since his refusal to receive a deputation of the Evicted Tenants' Association. Mr. Morley based his refusal on the ground that the Government intended to introduce a reinstatement bill at the next session of Parliament. This treatment has induced the Evicted Tenants' Association of Cork to return to the principles of the old Land League, and they appointed a vigilance committee, whose duty it was to see that the boycotting of land grabbers be rigidly enforced. Yesterday the Fenians placarded the city with green posters, headed in large type with the word "Amnesty." The placards declare that Daly and other Irish martyrs are dying by inches in English prisons, while Mr. Morley's promise to release the political prisoners is still unfulfilled. Continuing, the placard says: "France and the United States have granted amnesty to their political prisoners. Shall England be the only nation in the world to refuse? Speak, John Morley, Ireland demands an answer. God save Ireland."

DUBLIN, Feb. 27.—The Dublin branch of the Irish National League held a special session last night, at which the following resolution was passed: "We avail ourselves of the presence of Mr. Morley to point out that he and the Government have failed to keep the promises made to Ireland." John Barry, M. P. for South Wexford, made a speech, in which he expressed lack of confidence in Mr. Morley, and alluded to Mr. Gladstone as the "Grand Old Humbug." Violent speeches were made against Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Morley at a large meeting held here on last Sunday.

CABLE NEWS.

Her Majesty's Drawing Room.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The Queen's drawing-room to-day was held in perfect sunshine, and there was a large attendance of privileged persons. Her Majesty was in excellent health and extremely gracious in demeanor.

Victoria Woodhull Gets £1 Damages.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The trial of the case of Mrs. John Biddulph Martin (Victoria Woodhull) against the trustees of the British museum, in which the plaintiff charges the trustees with exposing upon the shelves of their library books containing statements libelling her character, was concluded to-day. The jury awarded Mrs. Martin £1 damages.

Caprivi's Masterly Speech.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—In the Reichstag to-day Chancellor von Caprivi made a masterly defence of the German-Russian commercial treaty. He read a portion of the speech delivered in 1879 in the Reichstag by Prince Bismarck, in which the old chancellor declared that either himself or his successor must endeavor to conclude a commercial treaty with Russia.

SORE THROAT CURED.

DEAR SIRS.—I had a very sore throat for over a week and tried several medicines without relief until I heard of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, which I tried with great success. I think it a fine medicine for sore throat, pain in the chest, asthma, bronchitis, and sore throat and lung troubles. MARIA MIDDLETON, Bobcaygeon, Ont.

I X L Carving Set at Cheapside. *

CAPITAL NOTES.

McGreevy and Connolly Not Yet Released—North-West Cattle Looking Well.

Salmon Fishing Regulations — Offal and Other Statutory Obligations Remain in Force.

OTTAWA, Feb. 27.—It is understood to-day that His Excellency had before him the minute of the council recommending the release of Messrs. McGreevy and Connolly, although up to 6 o'clock no information had been received at the Privy Council whether the recommendation had been approved or not.

LATER—To-night His Excellency signed the necessary papers.

Reports received at the Indian Department are to the effect that cattle on the Northwest ranches are standing the winter well.

The railway mail clerks will make another effort, this year, to secure an increase of salary.

The Supreme court took up the Quebec cases to-day.

The salmon fishery regulations for British Columbia have been practically agreed upon by the cabinet. The offal and other statutory obligations remain in force.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

Counterfeiting Canadian Money.

WINDSOR, Feb. 27.—Counterfeit and raised Canadian bank bills have been circulating in this vicinity for several months past, and it has just been ascertained that certain parties living in Essex county are implicated with the Brandon counterfeiters by acting as their agents and circulating the money received from them throughout Western Ontario. A Government detective arrived from Ottawa, and several important arrests are expected immediately.

School Secretary's Shortage.

BRANTFORD, Feb. 27.—The auditors have discovered a shortage of $3,000 in the public school books of Secretary-Treasurer Passmore.

Attempted Suicide.

LEAMINGTON, Feb. 27.—Mrs. George Jeffrey, wife of a respectable farmer near here, committed suicide by cutting her throat with a razor while temporarily insane. She attempted a similar deed a year ago.

Dishonest Express Messenger.

HAMILTON, Feb. 27.—J. H. Murden, an express messenger, is under arrest charged with stealing $1,500 from the Canadian Express Company.

St. Alban's Cathedral.

TORONTO, Feb. 27.—At the services in the various Anglican churches on Sunday, in this city, a pastoral letter was distributed, in which the Bishop of Toronto appealed for the sum of $40,000 to pay off the debt of St. Alban's cathedral, now partially constructed.

Toronto's Legal Adviser.

TORONTO, Feb. 27.—At a meeting of the City Council last night the law firm of Meredith, Clarke & Bowes, of which the head is Hon. W. R. Meredith, was appointed to transact all the city's legal business, succeeding C. R. W. Biggar, resigned.

Ecclesiastical Call.

MONTREAL, Feb. 27.—St. James' Square Presbyterian church has extended a call to Rev. L. M. Jordan, of Halifax, with a stipend of $4,000 per annum. Mr. Jordan has been filling the pulpit of St. James for several weeks.

McGill's Latest Gift.

MONTREAL, Feb. 27.—It is not yet known to what purpose the donation of $150,000 to McGill University, by Sir Donold A. Smith, Mr. J. H. R. Molson, and Mr. W. C. McDonald, will be put.

Fire at St. John, N. B.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Feb. 27.—Bell's cigar factory here was destroyed by fire yesterday, with all its contents. The insurance amounts to $10,000, which will cover the greater part of the loss. The thermometer registered 15 below zero, and many firemen were slightly frost-bitten.

Fell from the Fire Escape.

KINGSTON, Feb. 27.—W. C. Carruthers, son of the late John Carruthers, while delirious after illness, got out of a window and attempted a descent of the fire escape, but fell and died in two hours.

PATTI IN MONTREAL.

The Governor-General Leads the Audience in Singing "God Save the Queen."

MONTREAL, Feb. 27. — (Special) — Patti sang before a brilliant audience here last evening in "Martha." There was a packed house, and the famous diva received a great ovation. The Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen were present and occupied a box. Lord Aberdeen, at the end of the first act, went behind the scenes to congratulate Madame Patti. When the curtain fell at the conclusion, however, the orchestra did not play as usual "God Save the Queen." The audience stood in embarrassed silence for a few moments, when Lord Aberdeen sang "God Save the Queen," in which he was joined by the audience, who dispersed with cheers. The leader of the orchestra apologised for the omission saying that the orchestra was an American one.

To retain an abundant head of hair of a natural color to a good old age, the hygiene of the scalp must be observed. Apply Hall's Hair Renewer.

William Beach, who has opened out in the Market building, with a full line of Eastern province turkeys, beef and mutton, is having a fine run of trade. He is selling THE BEST at prices which cannot be cut under. *

Get your Whale Oil Soap for killing all insect pests on fruit trees at Pendray's *

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Inquest on the Death of Charles Vater—Travelling Dairy Instructors.

Grave Charge Against a Railway Contractor—Vancouver's City Band—Politics in Nanaimo.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Feb. 27.—The annual meeting of the Vancouver Cricket club will be held on Friday.

Another weekly newspaper is to be started in the city called "Light."

The Moodyville mill started up again yesterday.

Police Magistrate Jordon has applied for two weeks' leave of absence, "for the transaction of important business, which necessitates him being in Victoria on 14th March." Consent was given unanimously.

Mt. Pleasant is to be made pleasanter by the concession of the tram company, who offer to run seven cars a day to and from the hill.

The City Council have declined to pass an appropriation of $600 for the band, referring the resolution back to the Finance committee. Ald. Wm. Brown said that music is a luxury, not a necessity, these hard times. Ald. McDonald said $600 worth of bread would be more appropriate.

The tram company bind themselves to put down a 62-pound girder rail on Hastings street.

The following committee has been appointed to run the water works: Ald. Wm. Brown, Bethune, Queen, Shaw and McPhaiden.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Feb. 27.—The bridge deputation returned from Victoria to-day, with the good news that Government aid had been promised.

Rev. J. W. Hall sprained his knee badly at Dewdney on Saturday night.

The rainfall last night was very heavy, the precipitation being 1½ inches.

John O'Leary, the Revelstoke and Arrow Lake railway contractor, who is charged with inflicting terrible injuries on William Glen, arrived from Seattle last night and surrendered to Governor Moresby. Later he was admitted to bail in the sum of $4,000 to appear at the Spring Assizes for trial if called upon. Glen is still in a critical condition at St. Mary's hospital, but the chances of his recovery are brightening daily. He adheres to his first statement, but admits he might have been stepped on by a horse, as from weakness he fell off his pony's back the evening of the row.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Feb. 27.—Quite a number of Nanaimo's citizens are visiting, or will shortly visit, the Midwinter Fair at San Francisco.

The inquest touching the death of the late Charles Vater will be held at Wellington on Thursday afternoon. The funeral took place this afternoon.

The city fathers are now greatly worked up over the question of a sidewalk for Victoria road. Some of the ratepayers want the sidewalk laid on the lower side, others on the higher, and much ill-feeling has resulted. It has been proposed, and the proposition is now under careful consideration, to lay the sidewalk down the middle of the road.

The stock in trade of W. H. S. Perkins is advertised for sale by tender, under a chattel mortgage. Perkins until recently carried on a dry goods business in the Johnston building.

A thoroughly representative meeting of citizens was held this evening in Foresters' hall, when an association was formed, to be known as the Association of Supporters of the present Provincial Government. Some preliminary matters were discussed and committees appointed. The meeting adjourned to meet again on Friday evening.

The residence of Mrs. Forrest, on Frye street, was gutted by fire to-night during the absence of the family. The fire broke out at about 8:30 p.m., and lasted over an hour. The house was a two-story frame structure valued at about $1,500. It was completely ruined. The contents were saved without much damage. It was partially covered by insurance.

DUNCAN.

DUNCAN, Feb. 27.—At the meeting of fruit growers, Saturday evening, a full report of which was published yesterday, a resolution was passed suggesting that similar steps for advancing the dairy interests, by means of travelling dairy instructors, are advisable, and would supply a want in the agricultural districts.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

TO THE EDITOR: In your issue of Saturday there appeared a letter from the owner of an "untramelled conscience," signing himself Anti-Retrogression, purporting to be the representative of the largest number of thinking people. He expresses himself in favor of moral teaching, but only sees in the introduction of religious instruction a lapse into sectarianism and chaos. What are the definitions of morality and religion? They are the two great laws personally given by Christ to mankind, viz.: our duty towards man, and our duty towards God. These are the two subjects which A. R. would debar from the knowledge of our young. Let the people of Victoria consider before they endorse this scheme of education now in force. The Atheists and Agnostics surpass them in the education of their children, and put morality among their chief subjects. The excuse, "Am I my brother's keeper?" cannot be used in these days, and yet the people of Victoria see their young brought up without the fear of God or man. This life is but a shadow which soon passes away, and yet the rising generation are to be sent to meet their Maker and to be judged for all eternity, provided with a high school education alone. Let the parents ask themselves whether the average home religion in Victoria is capable of meeting the deficiency, or has Sunday to bear the responsibility for the following week? Do the people of Victoria agree with A. R. that this strictly secular education is the road to light and liberty? Then, again, A. R. refers to "our forefathers coming to this continent to exercise their freedom of belief." I presume he refers to the Pilgrim Fathers. Freedom of belief! what sublime ignorance! The Pilgrim Fathers established, on landing, a State church; and in 1631 the General Court of Massachusetts Bay passed an order that "for time to come, none should be allowed a vote but church members," all dissentiments being expelled from the community. This is freedom of belief! Among the principal subjects in the academies in young America were Cheever's Accidence, Dilworth's Speller, Webster's American Institute, the Bible, Watt's Hymns and the Assembly Catechism. On Sundays the routine was as follows: Long prayers, commentaries on the Bible, attendance at church, where the heads of the sermon had to be taken down by each boy, and an examination on the aforesaid sermon held during evening prayers. Yet sectarianism and chaos were not the result of this religious education, in spite of its puritan austerity. In closing I would remind A. R. that he will take nothing with him beyond the grave except his ignorance; for a secular knowledge will then avail him nothing. MORAL RELIGION.

"NOTHING EXTENUATE NOR AUGHT SET DOWN IN MALICE."

TO THE EDITOR:—Under the above biblical quotation an individual writes to the Times last evening a most pharisaical and flatulent letter. We all acknowledge the disadvantage of Chinese cheap labor, but I ask my fellow-workmen if *cheap Japanese* labor is one whit better? Every man has a right (perhaps "it would not be allowed in England or China and Japan") to employ whom he likes; but first let us pick the mote from our own eye before we attempt to relieve our brother of the beam that obstructs his visual organs. It is a notorious fact that Japanese have been brought into the Province under contract to work by the year for $100 per annum (and less) by some of the would-be political friends of the workingman! Perhaps that happy knack of hair-splitting possessed by the worthy leader of the Opposition can be made use of to explain to his insular mentor wherein lies the difference as far as results to us are concerned. A WORKINGMAN.

Victoria, Feb. 27.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION IN OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

TO THE EDITOR:—Your correspondent, "Anti-Retrogression," has struck the root of the matter when he reminds us that the Province has declared emphatically against sectarianism in our public schools. "Anti-Retrogression" might have gone further into detail and recalled to our minds the fierce and prolonged struggles for civil and religious liberty which have marked this and preceding centuries. It is only a few years ago that it was practically impossible for a noted scientist or cultured college graduate to be a professor, lecturer or head master of a college or school unless he had previously sworn conformity to some established religion and had "taken orders" and was entitled to be called "his reverence." Fortunately we are now able to select religious, upright and brainy men and women as teachers to our youth, irrespective of their views on predestination, baptismal regeneration, eternal punishment, original sin, etc. We do not enquire whether they be Protestant or Catholic, Jew or Gentile—so long as they have capacity, zeal, integrity and good character.

Religious *teaching* in the public schools was strongly urged by denominationalists who dearly love to control the education of the young, but the sturdy good sense of the age has decided otherwise.

We note, however, that three of the Board of Public School Examiners are clergymen, two Episcopal and one Presbyterian. We may expect the clergy of other denominations to claim seats at the board. It has been demonstrated that religious *teaching* or instruction in public schools is impossible. The Calvinist, the Independent, the Catholic, the Jew, the Anglican, etc., etc., cannot agree even on the interpretation or explanation to be given on the simplest passage of Scripture. Seeing that *teaching* is thus out of the question, our friends return to the attack on unsectarian schools by crying, "crime is increasing," (although "leading minds" tell us that, unquestionably, serious crime is decreasing, and that this age compares most favorably with its predecessors) in certain isolated cases where "convictions" have apparently increased, this being due to police and legal reforms reaching criminals who formerly escaped punishment.

The advocates of religious instruction now say, "at any rate let us have some simple passages of the Bible read and also a short petition to the Deity recited."

When your correspondent "Spectator" bravely stated that the "leading minds" of Australia attribute the "great increase (?) in crime and the lowering of morality" in that country to the *absence* of religion in their public schools, what a pity he did not complete his argument and compare the influence of the public schools there and in British Columbia? I will tell you, sir, why he stopped short. He found himself confronted with this difficulty, British Columbia is law-abiding and moral to a remarkable degree for a country covering such a vast tract of land with its great facilities for would-be criminals to cross the borders or secrete themselves in the rocky fastnesses of the Province; and, here is the point, British Columbia *is law-abiding* in spite of her having *no religious* education in her public schools! Thus, of course, "Spectator" *could not* continue to a comparison between Australia and British Columbia (always supposing his statements regarding Australia are correct, for Mr. "Spectator" does not condescend to an appeal to proofs).

The large majority do not desire to have their children taught religion by members of the Canadian Church Union or any similar societies, and doubtless our ritualistic friends would not relish a Calvinist or Independent teaching their children.

Then arises this most difficult question, who are to select simple passages from scripture? even supposing it were possible, which it is not, to find such passages not requiring explanation. Will the Anglican or the Unitarian do so? or are the Methodist, Presbyterian, Catholic, Jewish, Anglican, Baptist, Christadelphian, Close Brethren, Swedenborgians, Unitarian, &c., &c., denominations *each* to select his favorite portions of scripture (and these may be pretty surely selected with a view to prove their own particular church's views), and are all these to be mixed up and arranged (without any explanation being permitted) before the immature brain of a child, shall we say, of ten years old? I fear the result would be confusion worse confounded.

The same difficulty of selection but in a more marked degree would arise in the case of the prayer, for while all Christians accept Biblical teaching, very many are antagonistic to liturgies or set prayers.

Hence thoughtful Christian and other people have (in many cases reluctantly) decided that less evil and sectarian hatred is likely to follow the total absence of religious teaching in public schools, than good might follow an imperfect, unsatisfactory attempt at religious union where there is no real unity of thought and purpose. They prefer to retain the religious instruction under their iron control, at home, and in the Sunday school of their individual choice.

Establishment by law of religion, with its accompanying disabilities and intolerances has seen its best days; it is contrary to the spirit of fairmindedness and self reliance, which is a distinguishing feature of these times. Canada has no "established" religion; its citizens, from the Governor-General down to the poorest in the land, are alike free to exercise their liberty of conscience; there is no "conformity" in the land, hence there are no dissenters and nonconformists in British Columbia; all are equal before God and man, and we are not afraid that "crime" will "greatly increase" in this land, as "Spectator" seems to fear, so long as the people keep a level head and run their own affairs without the interference of the clergy or of "Spectator's" Australia's "leading minds." Yours, etc.,

"ANOTHER SPECTATOR."

Only the Scars Remain.

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc.," writes HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., "none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old mother urged me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. **Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me.** I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

For the cure of all diseases originating in impure blood, the best remedy is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—Situation as housemaid or nurse in gentleman's family. Address M.C., Colonist office. fe27 3t

WANTED—Situation as servant, by an experienced English girl, holding best of references. Apply 11½ James street, James Bay. fe27-3t

WANTED—Information of the whereabouts of John Welch, late of London, England, when last seen he was in Vancouver. Communicate with H. Readings, care of The Alhambra Hotel, Vancouver, B.C. fe23-tf

AN ENGLISH LADY, highly educated, desires a few pupils for Music, Singing (Hullah's system), French and German. All or any subjects taken. Terms moderate.

A comfortable home is offered for a small boy or girl (with or without tuition) in an English (small) family, near the Central school. Terms moderate. Apply R., this office. fe1-1m

WANTED—500 steady customers, with the cash to buy the old reliable Wellington Coal, weight and quality guaranteed. Apply to Hall, Goepel & Co ja14

STAMPS WANTED—Old Canadian, British Columbian and other stamps as used 25 to 40 years ago, for many I pay $1 to $5 each. George Lowe, 346 Spadina avenue, Toronto. my20-1yr

TO LET OR LEASE.

PIANOS to rent. Apply 76 Princess avenue. fe 23-12t

ESPERANZA—Well furnished rooms, excellent cuisine; moderate terms; 32 Rae St. fe25-7t

TO LET—Neatly furnished front rooms with use of kitchen if required, 139 Michigan street, James Bay. fe23-12t

TO RENT—Five roomed house; $8; 106 Dallas road. feb22

TO LET—Furnished Cottage, six rooms, with or without an acre of hay land. Cow stable, with hay mow. Fine run for cows in neighborhood. Near the car line. Apply H. Croft, 72 Government st. fe6-1m

TO LET—Nice convenient cottages, 4 rooms, $5.00; 5 rooms, bath, and modern improvements, $9 00. Apply Mrs. P. Wilson, grocer, 185 Douglas street. fe1-1m

TO LET OR FOR LEASE—23 rooms in the Victoria Theatre building, formerly occupied by Messrs. Redon & Hartnagel. For particulars apply to M. Strouss, 44 Fort street. ja6-tf

A FARM of 218 acres to lease; three-roomed house and barn; 70 acres under cultivation; to a responsible party this is an excellent chance. Apply J. E. Crane & Co., No. 30 Broad street, ja13-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license; bar and bar fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. ja5-tf

TO LET—House and an acre of ground; water front, Gorge road; stables, etc.; hot and cold water; 20 minutes from tram; rent $22.50. Apply to Swinerton & Oddy. de13

TO LET—Two 5-roomed cottages, bathrooms; Bridge street; $13 50; water paid. One 6 roomed house, Victoria West; good situation; $12; water paid. Six-roomed cottage, Menzies street, James Bay; $16; water paid. Nine-roomed house, Superior street, James Bay; $20; water paid. Five roomed cottage and stable, Alfred street, near Cook and Pandora; $10; water paid. One 5-roomed house, John street; $10; water paid. Five-roomed cottage, furnished, $21, or with piano, $23. Swinerton & Oddy, 108 Government street, up-stairs. Place your houses to let on our list, as we often have enquirers we cannot suit. de2

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE by private bargain, the new sailing schooner "Kilmeny," 19 tons register, now lying in the Inner harbor, Victoria, B.C. Offers will be received to 28th instant, inclusive, by John C. Cameron, No. 31 Government street, Victoria, B.C. fe23-5t

FOR SALE—CHEAP—

FOUR NEW SEALING BOATS.

Apply to Geo. Cassady & Co., Vancouver.
de9

BY PRIVATE SALE.

13 ACRES OF LAND }
10 " " } In Lake District
20 " " }

Will be sold cheap and on easy terms if desired. Any of these pieces are well adapted for either FRUIT or CHICKEN ranching. About an hour and a quarter's drive from Victoria, on main road; good springs, lasting the year round; close to the Victoria & Sidney Railway. For particulars apply to

SWINERTON & ODDY,
Real Estate Brokers, Accountants and Notaries Public,
108 Government street—Upstairs.

N.B.—We have some amoun loan on good security. de2

ESPERANZA.

32 RAE STREET,

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY BOARDING HOUSE.

This House offers a Thoroughly Comfortable Home to visitors and residents. The rooms are well furnished and the cuisine under excellent management. Moderate Terms.

feb25 1m MRS. A. E. TOVEY, Proprietress.

MISCELLANEOUS.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

LIMITED LIABILITY.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER AND KAMLOOPS.

Builders' Hardware.

Locks, Hinges, Nails, Sash Weights, Cord Fasteners, Lifts, Pulls, Hooks, Bolts. Brackets, etc.

Loggers' Supplies.

Double and Single Bitted Axes, Cross Cut and Felling Saws, Cant Hooks, Peavies, Ox Bows, Goad Sticks, Log Rules, Boot Caulks, Chains, etc.

Mechanics' Tools.

All kinds of Blacksmiths' and Carpenters'.

Wagons.

Team, Farm and Spring Wagons.

Carts.

Dump, Road and Speeding Carts.

Carriages.

Buggies, Surreys, Gladstones, Kensingtons and Phaetons.

Farm Machinery and Implements.

Binders, Mowers, Rakes, Plows, Harrows, Seed Drills, Cultivators, Forks, Spades, Hoes, etc., etc.

Pumps.

In great variety, including SPRAYING OUTFITS FOR ORCHARDS.

Pipe.

Water and Gas (galvanized and black), Pipe Fittings and Brass Goods.

Iron and Steel.

Plates, Bars and Hoops.

ALL AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE OR SEE OUR GOODS BEFORE PURCHASING.

mr1-ap15

MARVELOUS LINIMENT AND MIXTURE

Cures Rheumatism

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

SPRAINS, PAINS AND ACHES.

READ A FEW TESTIMONIALS.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,

GENTLEMEN.—Was troubled with Rheumatism so bad I could hardly walk, and was cured by using your Marvelous Rheumatic Cure.

A. McNEILL,
New York Hotel.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,

DEAR SIRS.—Had a bad sprained ankle, used Marvellous Liniment and was entirely cured in three days.

GEORGE SCHMIDT,
Steitz' Restaurant.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17, 1893.

To Dean & Cryderman, druggists,

GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvellous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.

Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,
No. 48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street

DEAN & CRYDERMAN

SOLE AGENTS,

Corner Yates and Broad Streets, no14 Victoria, B. C.

VICTORIA REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS FIRMS

—OF—

JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

LANGLEY & CO.
Wholesale Druggists
Established 1858.

SEALERS! SEALERS!
We have ready this year a large quantity of
SAUER, KRAUT.
FALCONER'S VINEGAR AND PICKLE WORKS,
Victoria, British Columbia

BOUCHERAT & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
Wines and Liquors.

LENZ & LEISER,
Wholesale Dry Goods
LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase.) ..... £600,000, $2,920,000.
RESERVE ..... £270,000, $1,314,000.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON (KOOTENAY LAKE).

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia. IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York. Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & CO.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. ap5 GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.,
ESTABLISHED 1873.

BANKERS

VICTORIA, B. C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED ON LIBERAL RATES OF INTEREST.
DRAFTS, ORDERS, TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED DIRECT ON OVER 10,000 CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, EUROPE, MEXICO AND CHINA.
COLLECTIONS MADE AT EVERY POINT.
GOLD DUST PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

ap25-1yr

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. jo8

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT 43½ Douglas Street. ap18

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Trounce avenue, Established 1862. fe1

F. M. RATTENBURY, ARCHITECT, Legislative Block, Government Buildings, James Bay. fe12

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY, M. R. SMITH & Co. 57 Fort street. Factory 91 Niagara street. P. O. Box 289. Telephone cal 121. fe1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government street. P.O. Box 318, Victoria. Agents Samuel Samuel & Co., Rice, Silk and Curios, London, Yokohama and Kobe; and The Tokio Leather Paper Mills, Japan; Chas. Cammell & Co., Ltd., Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, London, Sheffield, Worthington, etc.; Compania Gral. de Tabacos de Filipinas; The Canvas Mills of Kobe. fe1

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING—Mrs. Marshall has removed to 91 View street, between Blanchard and Quadra streets, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

HAY, FLOUR AND FEED.

BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD. Dealers in Hay, Oats, Flour, etc. Office and warehouse, 125 Government street. f-1

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fe1

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. mc17

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munroe, 82 Douglas street; Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

HENRY SAUNDERS, Importer and Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, etc., 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. Drawer H. Telephone No. 28. feb1

MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p.m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.

ja28-tf C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Cariboo, No. 743, meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesday of each month in St. George's Hall, cor. Government and Bastion sts. Visiting brethren welcome. R. Douglas, C. R., A. L. Campbell, R. S. oc15

"ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY." Society meets in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. C. Smith, Secretary. my4-1m

MUSICAL.

CLASSES.

PAINTING AND DRAWING.

Reopened by Mrs. E. J. MILLER, Five Sisters Block. Room 23. feb14 1mo

BANJO AND Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular Banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sisters Block. no5-tf

MISS FOX,
Teacher of Piano and Harmonium.
RESIDENCE—36 Mason street, near Pandora avenue. fe1-1m

GEO. W. FUGGLE
Pianoforte Maker and Tuner.
VIOLINS, MANDOLINS AND GUITARS REPAIRED
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess Ave., also at Jamieson's Bookstore, next Post Office. P. O Box 422. mc13 tf

PIANOFORTE TUNING.
MR. A. F. OWEN
Pianoforte Tuner, from J. and J. Hopkinson, the well-known manufacturer of pianoforte, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm. 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria.
Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Waitt's Music store. ja10

J. J. RUSSELL
—OFFERS—
FOR SALE
Section 26, Esquimalt, sub divided into lots, streets sixty feet wide. Twenty-five of these lots will be offered at $255 each. Also the undivided half of sub lot 50, containing about 13 acres in all. This property has a frontage on Esquimalt Harbor and Admiral's Road. This property is quite close to new Marine railway and E. & N. R. R. station, tramcar and proposed fortifications. Apply to
LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
fe11-tf Government Street.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.
New Goods!
New Goods!
New Goods!
Large Show now on, and at most reasonable prices.
T. S. FUTCHER
Importer and Retailer,
41 Fort Street, Victoria. ja1

CANNERY FOR SALE
AT FRASER RIVER, B.C.
Fully equipped and in good running order. For particulars apply to
ROBT. WARD & CO., LTD LBY,
fe16-2w Temple Building, Victoria.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1,000 on any approved security.
VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government Street,
Private entrance on Pandora Street. oc18

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

The "Ainsdale" Completes a Fast Trip From England—Insurance Paid on the "Wrestler."

China's World's Fair Exhibit Homeward Bound—The "Oscar and Hattie" in Japan.

Five large sailing vessels are now in port, the fifth, the British ship Ainsdale, having joined the fleet yesterday, giving her agents, R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd., somewhat of a surprise by her prompt arrival. The ship is only out 141 days from Liverpool, which when compared with the long passage the German bark Guttenburg is making on the same voyage, causes a little wonder. The Guttenburg, however, was spoken by the Ainsdale about fifty miles off Cape Flattery, so that the former's appearance in port may be expected to-day. Some bad weather was experienced by the Ainsdale off Capes Horn and Flattery but the ship stood it all well, the only incident on the voyage to be regretted being the accident which befel the mate off the Horn, A heavy sea which crossed the vessel's deck struck him causing the breaking of his leg. The Ainsdale which has a large general cargo for Victoria was picked up on entering the straits by the Port Townsend tug Pioneer and towed into Esquimalt, where she will probably discharge a quantity of naval stores she has on board before coming around to the inner harbor.

THE "WRESTLER'S" CONDITION.

Yesterday's blow wrought more damage to the barkentine Wrestler, but the extent of injury done is not known. The surveyors who held an examination Monday afternoon, found her bottom to be badly damaged, but not beyond repairing, and sufficiently stout to warrant the work of liberating the vessel from the rocks. Until advices come from the owners in San Francisco, however, she will not be stirred, nor will any attempt be made to remove her. Hon. L. W. Myers who, as American consul here, has considerable to do with the vessel at present, said yesterday that the underwriters had paid about $3,000 insurance on the craft, which is all that is due on her. There are twelve or more owners, only a few of whom had their interests insured. As nearly all the twelve are in San Francisco, the captain of the vessel, who is also a part owner, is now eagerly awaiting advices from them. All the claims against her do not amount to over $400, and, even should it take $3,000 or more to repair her, she would then be worth a good round sum.

ON THE OUTWARD PASSAGES.

Mr. H. E Connon, the agent here of the Northern Pacific steamship company, expects the pioneer ship of the line, the Victoria, to arrive from Tacoma at about noon to-day. Tacoma's contribution to the Victoria's outward cargo on this trip consists of 90,000 sacks of flour, 1,500 cases of condensed milk, and four cars of curios, which comprised part of the Chinese national exhibit at the World's fair. A similar shipment of curios went to China on the Mogul recently. It is reported that 300 cigars were seized on the Victoria at Seattle. They were found in the engine room. No one claimed them and the American customs officers concluded that they belonged to their government. The Victoria will probably sail this evening. She has some lumber to take on board here.

THE "WALLA WALLA'S" PASSENGERS.

The Walla Walla, which sailed for San Francisco last evening, carried the following cabin passengers from Victoria: W. H. Armstrong and wife, G. Borthwick, J. P. Byrn, Miss Spencer, Miss Wicket, Miss M. E. Johnson, Miss Edson, Miss Cameron, Miss Welch, Miss Brodrick, Mrs. W. Brodrick, A. E. Woods, C. Melville, F. S. De Grey, G. R. Howith, J. Goldsmith, R. Alexander, A. P. Thomas, A. V. Gibbs, John Vogtz and A. McChalmers.

SAILS FOR SANTA ROSALIA.

The American schooner Pioneer, Capt. Hughes, sails to-day for Santa Rosalia. She has on board 68,043 lineal feet of piles and 57,714 superficial feet of sawn timber.

MARINE NOTES.

Schooner Saucy Lass was spoken in Neah Bay on Sunday night by the steamer Lorne. She had not yet secured her complement of Indian hunters, having got only two canoes. She expected to have the balance of her hunters within a very short time.

Two iron ships were reported off the Cape on Monday; one of them supposed to be the Martha Fisher, the other the four-masted ship Thistle, bound for Tacoma to load grain for the United Kingdom.

Reports come in from the Cape that seals are plentiful, but the condition of the weather renders it impossible to hunt them.

Tug Lorne towed the ship J. C. Potter from sea to Departure Bay on Monday, to load coal for San Francisco.

Tug Tyee took a ship yesterday from sea to Departure Bay also, to load coal for California.

Incoming vessels report the weather to be very dirty in the vicinity of Cape Flattery.

The sealing schooner Oscar and Hattie arrived at Yokohama on Saturday last.

Tug Falcon will be hauled on the Star ways in a few days for repairs.

Tug Lorne leaves to-night for the Cape seeking.

ENTERED.

Str. Premier	from	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Umatilla	"	San Francisco.
" Walla Walla	"	Port Townsend.
" Pioneer	"	" "
" Maude	"	Nanaimo.
" Alert	"	Rocky Point.
Ship Ainsdale	"	Liverpool.

CLEARED.

Str. Premier	for	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Umatilla	"	" "
" Walla Walla	"	San Francisco.
" Pioneer	"	Port Townsend.
" Maude	"	Nanaimo.
" Alert	"	Rocky Point.

Life Is Misery

To many people who have the taint of scrofula in their blood. The agonies caused by the dreadful running sores and other manifestations of this disease are beyond description. There is no other remedy equal to Hood's Sarsparilla for scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood disease. It is reasonably sure to benefit all who give it a fair trial.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
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When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM.

HAGYARD'S Pectoral Balsam cures coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, and all bronchial and lung troubles. Price 25c. per bottle, or five for $1.00

WOMAN'S WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS.

Is It True That Mothers Are Corrupters of Public Morals?

An English woman, Mrs. Crackanthorpe, makes some rousing charges against the mothers of today, especially mothers in the circles of fashionable society. She declares that their tyranny in keeping their young lady daughters down in the old conventional ruts of two centuries ago, when all the rest of the world except women have long got out of them, is not to be borne any longer. She enters a plea for the individuality of the daughter, for her right to take her own head for things and develop her mind as it wants to go—not to do anything morally wrong, but just to lead her own life intellectually, industrially or professionally without being weighted down by Mrs. Grundy. The old assumption that a girl will necessarily go wrong if allowed her own way is a cruel superstition. She should be instructed in all the dangers that lie before her and then allowed her freedom, as her brother is allowed his. Whatever she does, it is certain that she will make a better use of that freedom than the average boy does. The conventionality which has shaped every girl for only one calling—marriage—is an instrument of torture as cruel as any that ever crushed heretics in the days of the old Inquisition. Mrs. Crackanthorpe says that to the young girl marriage is still a sacrament; to her mother it is a commercial transaction. The mother is anxious only for one thing—to marry the girl to somebody who will support her and keep her from causing trouble or talk. In too many cases the man is acceptable in the face of a notorious past. The mother forces him upon her daughter regardless of his morals or habits of dissipation. She shoves the girl off upon him with indecent haste and after the child is sacrificed congratulates herself that the victim has "married well." She pursues like a hawk the marriageable man and hurls her daughter at his head. This anxiety of mothers to throw away their pure, sweet girls upon rakes and libertines has lowered the whole tone of society and allowed the libertine to consider himself, with a long career of dissipation behind him, good enough to marry the sweetest, gentlest girl that ever worshiped an ideal lover and husband. Yes, mothers are responsible for the corruption of society's morals.

Here is an observation from the New York Press that ought to make women ashamed of themselves. The shame of it is in its exact truth: "The narrow scope of feminine endeavor in the past has been largely due to prejudices and customs which have been fostered by feminine conservatism."

I heard a good story last night. A young man laid his heart and fortune at the feet of a girl with a profession. He said quite self complacently: "I will take you west with me, and you can also take your father and mother. I will support you all henceforth, and you will not need to work. My earnings are $1,500 a year." "Oh, but I make $3,000 a year now," answered the young woman. It was not a match.

A young lady friend of mine who is studying law was arguing the question of woman suffrage with a girl who is employed in a dry goods establishment. The dry goods girl is one of the buyers for a large firm. She goes to Europe and selects goods, and her position is as responsible as that of any in the great house. Her salary is $2,000. My friend was talking in favor of woman suffrage. The dry goods girl said: "Of course I believe in equal pay for equal work, and all that sort of thing, but I draw the line on women's voting and unsexing themselves by going to the polls and associating with men." My girl law student simply asked: "Would it unsex you to marry a man?" The dry goods young woman had nothing to say.

It is said a certain Chinese sect teaches that if women become vegetarians they will go to heaven when they die and be turned into men. If this were true, it would be enough to make all the vegetarian women turn to be great meat eaters at once.

The only reason I ever heard given by a woman for wanting to be a man was the greater freedom that men enjoy. But we should take our freedom as women. It will come to us in rich measure just as it does to men. We have only to reach out our hands and take it.

Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston is adding to the fine array of historic writing already accomplished by her a boy's book about General Washington. Miss Johnston has had access to material such as few writers have had, and her book will be a most attractive one. Another line of her literary labor is the writing of dialect stories, particularly stories in negro dialect. Here Miss Johnston, herself a southern woman, has few equals. She gives also readings from her dialect stories that bring down the house. Miss Johnston is an aunt of the sweet voiced singer, Marie Decca.

It is remarkable that near the same time two novelists—a man and a woman, W. T. Stead and Sarah Grand—have chosen for a heroine the emancipated new girl of the future, whom they depict in glowing colors. She is as different from the lackadaisical milk and water heroines of Scott and Dickens as cheese is from chalk.

That estimable lady who was constantly quoted at girls 40 years ago, Mrs. Hannah More, had a way of taking down gossips that wears well to this day. Whenever people called and poured into her ears an unpleasant tale about friends and acquaintances, she would rise and say, "Come, let us go at once and see if this can be true." And she did it, too, in spite of the effort of the talebearer to beg off. One lesson to the gossip was sufficient.

Mrs. M. J. Butts of Ironton, O., is a deputy United States marshal.

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About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head (more of less) Cows, Steers, 2-year olds, etc., etc., (about 60 or more to calve this spring), 1 pedigree Hereford Bull (rising 3 years.

7 Mares (In foal to a good stallion), 1 Horse, Pigs, Chickens, etc.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Fanning Mill, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies' and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

4 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, 10 miles barbed wire and staples; about 2,500 Posts on the ground, ready for use, etc., etc.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The population of this district will increase this year by at least 10,000; the area of farm land is very limited, and from this it may be fairly asserted that beef and all classes of farm produce will find a ready and lucrative market. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Cattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys. All buildings and fences about the farm are in good order, and farming operations can be gone on with at once; about 180 acres of ploughing have been, so far, provided for this year's work.

The Climate is not severe, the land being about 1,100 feet above sea level; the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains. There is a weekly express in and out. Goods and supplies at wholesale can be procured on order and delivered in 48 hours.

The Title is by grant from the Crown, and is free of all encumbrances. Immediate possession can be given.

Important Railway works are now in progress within moderate distance, and two railway lines have been run to pass close to or through the estate, which can be reached in the spring in three days' journey from Victoria.

The South West Kootenay District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines this winter, is destined in the next year or two to become one of the richest and most important mineral centres in the world. Statistics show, that although the district is in its primary stage, the mines have developed ore veins rich enough to warrant the investment of over million dollars. When these mines come to be worked systematically, there will be an

Influx of Population, which will require beef and farm produce in large quantities. The limited quantity of really good farm land in the district to supply these requirements makes this

A BONANZA!

To any person or corporation having the capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work this estate. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

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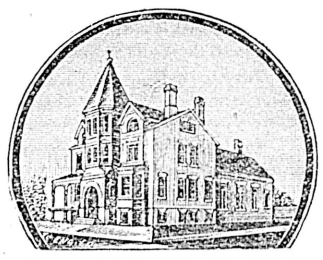

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First, Second and Third Year Course. Students in the third year course will be required to attend lectures at The University of Toronto in Literature, and pass the first year's examinations in that subject. Send for special circular. Free on application.

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GEORGE GOODERHAM, President. au26 we-sa

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$10 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any party or parties injuring or destroying the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. ja23

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THE COLONIST
VICTORIA, B. C.

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NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

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ap27

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to His Honor The Lieutenant-Governor in Council to have the title of the National Electric Tramway & Lighting Company, Limited Liability, changed as follows: Instead of National Electric Tramway & Lighting Company, Limited Liability, the title to be the Victoria Electric Railway & Lighting Company, Limited Liability.

J. T. DUPONT,
President N. E. T. & L. Co., Ltd.
Victoria, Dec. 28, 1893. de29-3m

MUNICIPAL ACT, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria I shall apply for leave to transfer my license to sell fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail on the premises situated at No. 109 Government street, known as the "Delmonico Restaurant and Hotel," in the said City of Victoria, to William G. Stevenson, of the said city.

fe2-30t E. ESCALET.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, to be held on the second Wednesday in March, 1894, for a transfer of the license now held by Isaac Ives to Joseph H. Brown and Isaac Ives, to sell by retail spirituous and fermented liquors upon the premises known as the Albion Hotel, situated on Herald street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated February 2nd, 1894.
fe2 JOSEPH H. BROWN.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, to be held on the second Wednesday in March, 1894, for a transfer to Henry M. Fox of the license now held by Joseph H. Brown and Henry M. Fox, to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Caledonia Saloon, situated at the south east corner of Cormorant and Store streets, in the City of Victoria. HENRY M. FOX.
February 1, 1894. fe2

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, of the City of Victoria, at its next session, for a transfer of the license issued to me to sell liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Teutonia Saloon, situated at No. 112 Government street, in the City of Victoria, to Heinrich Siebenbaum.

c6-1m D. STEGMAN.

NOTICE is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next session for a transfer of the license issued to us to sell liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Bee Hive Saloon, situated on the northeast corner of Broad and Fort streets, in the city of Victoria, to J. Cook. G. M. IRVING,
fe2 J. COOK.

NOTICE is given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the renewal of Hotel Dallas liquor license.

fe15-30t WM. JENSEN

To strengthen the throat and lungs use Adams' Horehound Tutti Frutti. Sold by Druggists & Confectioners, 5 cents.

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director & Embalmer

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The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

NOTICE.

Messrs. Brayshaw & Dalgarno have much pleasure in announcing that they have leased for a number of years the premises lately occupied by J. F. Beck & Co. and R. Ray, corner of Broughton and Gordon streets, Victoria, as carriage builders and horseshoers, and by strict attention to the trade in all its branches hope to secure a share of public patronage. Jobbing of every description turned out in first class style. Horses carefully and scientifically shod. All work guaranteed. ja20-3m

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The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1894.

UBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.

BY

THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

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Parts of a year at the same rate.
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WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

MR. BEAVEN'S PLAINT.

The complaint on the part of the Hon. Mr. Beaven because a full report of the disorderly proceedings in the Legislature on Saturday morning was given to the public in the COLONIST, shows that the Opposition are justly ashamed of their extraordinary conduct. But when Mr. Beaven essays to correct a newspaper report he should take care to be correct and fair in his quotation from the paper. Yesterday he told the House that the COLONIST said he had "called attention to the disorderly proceedings of the Opposition," which, of course, would have been absurd, for the instigator of disorders resulting so disastrously for his party would not naturally call public attention to them. What this paper did say was that he "called attention to the COLONIST'S report of the disorderly proceedings of the Opposition." His real grievance is, not that the Opposition were disorderly, but that their discreditable tactics were fully exposed through the press.

A SMALL ECONOMY.

The reduction of the salaries of the city officials can hardly be said to be a well-considered or an important reform. The saving effected will be inconsiderable, and it may have the effect of seriously impairing the civic service. There are officials who have important duties to perform that are not by any means too well paid—the Treasurer, for instance. Is it fair that, after long and faithful service, he should have a slice cut off his very moderate salary? Cutting down the Mayor's salary, too, is a very small business, and if the services of the aldermen are worth anything they are worth two hundred dollars. The true economy with regard to officials is to have no more than are absolutely required and to pay them well. When the ratepayers see the amount that is saved by cutting down the salaries of the officials, they will not, we think, give the Council much credit for the reform. Economy is a very good thing, but the Council should be satisfied that a proposed saving is really economy before they make it.

THE FIRE AT KASLO.

It would be a thousand pities if the Kaslo conflagration would seriously retard the progress of that promising town. We see that the loss is estimated at $200,000, but this is probably an exaggeration. If it amounts to half that sum it is very considerable. Many of the sufferers are not millionaires, and they will have some difficulty in getting on their feet again. But the recuperative power of these new towns is wonderful. When they are really required, when there are at their back resources sufficient to warrant the expenditure of capital to rebuild them, then recovery from such a catastrophe as that which overtook Kaslo is wonderfully rapid. Kaslo is well situated, and it is surrounded by natural wealth, the extent of which can only be as yet guessed at,—sufficient is known however to warrant the highest hopes of its progress and its prosperity. We have hardly a doubt that in a few months not a trace of Sunday's fire will be visible. A larger, a better and a handsomer town will have sprung out of its ashes.

THE AMERICAN SITUATION.

Since Secretary Carlisle has succeeded in effecting his gold loan, money matters have been easier with the Government of the United States. The gold reserve is again above the hundred million dollar line, but as the expenditure of the Government is considerably greater than its receipts there is no telling how long this satisfactory state of things will last. The cash balance in the Treasury was a few days ago $137,588,330, of which $105,530,332 was gold.

But the Government is falling behind at a very rapid rate. At the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, there was a deficit of $48,187,839. Up to the 1st of January of the present year there was a further deficit of $44,888,296. This gave a monthly deficit of $6,412,830. If the expenditure goes on exceeding the revenue at this rate to the end of June there will be a deficit of over $72,000,000 for the year. This is not a pleasant prospect. Besides, as things are at present, it is very difficult to say what the revenue of the next four months will be. The expenditure is provided for and can be calculated to a dollar, but it is very different indeed with respect to the receipts. The prospect seems to be just now that the deficit will keep on increasing from month to month for an indefinite period. Already the politicians and financiers are calculating when another loan will be necessary. It is expected that the gold reserve will be drawn upon to a considerable extent before very long, and it will not do to allow it to go down too low. A reasonable or even an unreasonable suspicion of its exhaustion would bring on another panic which would be even more destructive to business than the last one. Some of the far-seeing ones predict that another loan will be required in November next. There may, however, be no necessity for it. The new tariff may work so well that the receipts will come nearer to the expenditure than they have been for a long time. The duties will be lower; but in the arithmetic of the Custom House a low duty often means a large revenue and a high duty a low revenue, and if high enough, no revenue at all. It is therefore by no means unlikely that, when the business men know what they are to expect, trade will revive, importations will increase, and the monthly receipts at the Treasury will be far greater than they are at present.

A MESSENGER OF PEACE.

The Hon. Mr. Joly, ex-Premier of Quebec, took a journey, a week or two ago, to Ontario on a noble mission. His object was to attempt to bring about a better understanding than now appears to exist, between the people of Ontario and the people of Quebec. He told his hearers in Toronto that he did not come to them as a politician nor as a delegate from his co-religionists in Quebec, but simply as a witness. He is a Protestant who has lived all his life among the Catholics of Quebec.

If there is a man in the Dominion who can testify to the treatment received by the Protestant minority in Quebec it is Mr. Joly. And he is a witness who can be relied upon implicitly. Among politicians he is a veritable Bayard, without fear and without reproach. He is an honest man through and through. This is how the Montreal Witness speaks of Mr. Joly in its article on his visit to Ontario: "If ever there was a knight without fear and without reproach Canada possesses one in Mr. Joly, and every one who admires nobility of character and purpose will wish him success in his mission."

Mr. Joly's address is plain and straightforward. He meets the different charges brought against the French majority in Quebec fully and frankly. His testimony is that the French-Canadian Roman Catholic majority of that province do not attempt to curtail, in the slightest degree, the rights and liberties of the Protestant minority of other races. They enjoy the fullest liberty of worship and of conscience. In the matter of education they are justly treated. If they do not get their proportionate share of the public and political offices, it is not from any intolerance in the matter of religion, but from the natural greed of the majority to grasp all the good things within their reach. Mr. Mowat was not long ago constrained to show that Catholics in Ontario do not get their proportionate share of the offices, and, when the amount of salaries is considered, the disproportion is greater still. "If that," says Mr. Joly, "is the case in the best governed province of the Dominion, where there is abroad a spirit of generosity and justice and toleration, if his honorable friend (Mr. Mowat) was obliged to defend himself from the charge of being too generous to the minority, could he not ask his hearers to apply to the French-Canadian majority the same rule which they applied to themselves? When the weight of gravitation which impels the majority to take more than its share prevails to such an extent in Ontario, could they blame Quebec?"

That the French Canadians are ready to treat their Protestant fellow subjects in political matters liberally could be proved by Mr. Joly's own experience. He, a Protestant, was chosen by the French Catholic Liberals as their leader. When he represented to them that in selecting him they were doing themselves and their party an injustice, they replied "No, we do not understand it so. We will keep you and we will never lose a Liberal vote on account of you being a Protestant." The constituency, Lotbiniere, which he represented in the Quebec Legislature for twenty-five years was exclusively Roman Catholic. He was from time to time opposed by Roman Catholics, who, in Mr. Joly's words, "availed themselves of the religious question against him; they had reminded the people that he was a Protestant and had asked them how they could trust him with their dearest interests. The only answer they got was, 'We prefer a good Protestant to a bad Roman Catholic.'"

There is one provision of the Quebec law which Mr. Joly pointed out that shows both the fairness and the tolerance of the majority. "In case of seizure and sale by Sheriff's warrant of property the first charge is any assessments that may have been levied for the building of churches, parsonages, and the maintenance of churchyards. But by clause 2,011 of the civil code, so careful are the majority not to force the minority to aid in maintaining the churches of the majority, that it is provided that property sold in cases where Protestants are interested shall be free from this regulation."

Mr. Joly warned his hearers not to take the utterances of a few bigots and unscrupulous politicians as the expression of the principles and the feelings of the majority of the inhabitants of Quebec. They no more represent that majority than do the extremists in Ontario represent the spirit and the sentiments of the majority of their fellow-countrymen. It is, however, unfortunate that the well-disposed and tolerant in Ontario and Quebec seldom make their voices heard, while the intolerant and those interested in exciting religious and racial jealousies and strifes make, in proportion to their numbers and their influence, a great uproar. It is no great wonder that, in both provinces, the rash and ill-considered utterances of those few are taken for the deep-rooted opinion of the silent many. The Montreal Witness, which could hardly be expected to err on the side of liberality and kindliness in such a matter as this, speaking of the proneness of the people of the two great provinces of the Dominion to misunderstand each other says "Those who know most of both people know that neither intends to be intolerant and have only to be convinced of the tolerance and good will of each to the other to stop scowling and threatening one another, and to shake hands and become friends, as they are brothers." This is the truth. All that the people of the two races and religions need in order to have a higher appreciation of each other is to know each other better. Mr. Joly's mission will, we trust, have the effect of bringing about that good understanding between the inhabitants of the two provinces which is absolutely necessary for the peace and the welfare of the Dominion.

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FOR ALL BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISORDERS.

Such as Sick Headache, Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fullness, Swelling after Meals, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, All Nervous and Trembling Sensations, and Irregularities Incidental to Ladies.

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no25

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

The stock in trade, fixtures, etc., formerly in possession of John Robert Kerr, at 45 Government street, are offered for sale. The stock can be inspected on the premises, where full information will be furnished by Mark W. Gill, attorney in fact for Joseph K. Gill, mortgagee.

The sale will be made under a power contained in a certain chattel mortgage from the said John Robert Kerr to the said Joseph K. Gill, and duly filed in the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria, B.C.

ja23-tf JOSEPH K. GILL.

"WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH SCHLITZ?"

SCHLITZ IS ALL RIGHT.

The World's Fair circus being over, the curtain having been rung down on the beer award burlesque, our friends will pardon us for making this short reply to the many enquiries that have been addressed to us, the purport of which was "and What is the Matter with Schlitz?"

Samples of all beers entered for award were submitted to the U.S. Government Chemist for a chemical analyzation for Purity.

These samples were marked with numbers only, giving no evidence as to which brewery they emanated from, and were subjected to a searching scientific analyzation by this thoroughly competent and conscientious chemist.

The highest number of points attainable for Purity were set down in the regulations at 45 points.

The report of the Chemist to the Jury, among others, showed the following:

ANALYSIS.

	No.	Specific Gravity.	Alcohol by Weight.	Extract.	Ash.	Polarization 200. Gram.	Albuminoids.	Qualitative Examination of Ash. Hydrochloric Acid	Sulphuric Acid.	Examination Salicyl Acid.	Total.	Average.
Beers of the rival Breweries fighting for the so-called "First Prize," which was never awarded.	12208	1.0139	5.61	4.98	0.27	9.99	0.3375	.....	.....	.....	43	42.43
	12209	1.0141	4.10	4.77	0.16	10.06	0.4250	.....	.....	.....	41	
	12210	1.0120	4.35	4.26	0.22	7.61	0.5250	.....	.....	.....	43	
	29996	1.0171	4.63	6.82	0.16	11.47	0.4500	.....	.....	.....	43	43.56
	29997	1.0161	4.39	5.59	0.22	9.43	0.6125	.....	.....	.....	45	
	29998	1.0192	4.01	6.22	0.14	12.88	0.4000	.....	.....	.....	43	
	29999	1.0211	3.61	6.51	0.16	14.28	0.3625	.....	.....	.....	43	
Schlitz	20315	1.0118	4.65	4.99	0.17	10.29	0.3625	.....	.....	.....	43	44.33 HIGHEST AVERAGE
	20316	1.0145	4.15	6.01	0.26	7.08	0.5563	.....	.....	.....	45	
	20317	1.0158	4.51	4.93	0.17	10.25	0.5900	.....	.....	.....	45	

This showed beyond all dispute that of all beers exhibited those of the Schlitz Brewing Co. were the PUREST.

When this report came into the hands of the Jury the farce began, und the world knows how pitifully it has ended.

After serious irregularities were found, the matter was referred to a Court of Appeal, which, after reprimanding and censuring the Jury, decided that NO FIRST PRIZE be awarded, and that all medals be alike.

We received awards and medals for every brand of beer exhibited by us.

The chemical analysis shows to the public that Schlitz beer ranks the highest in "PURITY."

Respectfully,

fe16 2w JOS. SCHLITZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee.

WEILER BROS.

HAVE RECEIVED

A FULL LINE OF COCOA MATS

ALL SIZES

ALSO

NEW LINES OF FLOOR CLOTH.
NEW RUGS in large variety.
NEW WALL PAPERS.
NEW FELT TABLE COVERS, Etc

THE BEST POSSIBLE VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY

51 TO 55 FORT ST

KASLO

Kootenay Lake, B.C.

Is the centre for the Silver-Lead Mining Industry of the famous Slocan Region, which is now sending $75,000 worth of Ore to Kaslo per week for shipment to the American smelters.

The right of way for the Kaslo-Slocan Railway has been cleared, and the bridge foundations have been put in place, so that the work of grading and track-laying may proceed at the earliest possible moment after the snow disappears.

The Kaslo-Slocan Region has many mines which, even at the present low price of silver, bring a return of $100 to the ton. Mining men from all parts of the world say that it is the richest silver district known. The progress of development work in the mines verifies this statement.

Thousands of men will be employed in these mines. The natural base of supplies is Kaslo, which is admirably adapted for the purpose, being a beautiful townsite, situated on a bay possessing excellent shipping advantages.

The growth of Kaslo last year was very considerable. It is now an incorporated town, having a population of 2,000 people. That this population will be doubled before the end of the present year is unquestioned.

Kaslo offers to investors a most promising field. The opening up of the mines tributary to it must build up Kaslo. The development of these mines is now in progress. Many others will be worked as soon as easily accessible. An investment in a Kaslo lot and in improving the same will bring good results.

The Kaslo-Kootenay Land Co. control the original townsite. They are offering all property at reasonable prices and upon easy terms of payment. All inquiries for particulars will be promptly and fully answered.

Apply to

ROBT. IRVING, General Agent,
O. T. STONE, Agent, Victoria, B.C.
Kaslo, B.C,

CHEAPSIDE.

GEO. POWELL & CO.,

Importers and Dealers In

: : GURNEY'S : :

John Bull Ranges and Stoves!

TINWARE & HARDWARE
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

Have you Seen Their Duchess of Oxford Range?

IT'S A BEAUTY

CHEAPSIDE, - 127 Government Street.

SPECIAL.

ONCE IN A

LONG WHILE

A chance is offered investors to secure a GENUINE BARGAIN. Such a chance is now given in the shape of Farm Property, admirably situated for Mixed Farming or for Dairy Purposes. It is an investment that will repay the purchaser handsomely, for land of such high character and in the neighborhood of excellent markets, is seldom offered for sale at the low figure that is asked for this property.

"Hyde Farm"

SHAWNIGAN DISTRICT,

is a Crown grant calling for 484 acres, nearly the whole of which is bottom land. The Victoria and Nanaimo wagon road passes through the property. The Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway is easily accessible from either end of the property, and at Raymond's Siding it is less than three-fourths of a mile to the place, while at the wagon road crossing it is even a less distance from the other end.

About 70 acres have been under fence, and the greater part of that has been cropped. Upwards of 40 head of cattle have been kept on the property.

There is a large meadow, with only small brush, which has never been drained or touched, containing nearly 100 acres, and as the Koksilah river is the boundary line of most of the property on one side, and the ground lies from 200 to 300 feet above the river, the land can be thoroughly drained at comparatively light cost.

Hyde Farm is a magnificent pasture, as grass seed was sown years ago wherever there seemed to be a chance of its taking root, and cattle feed on the unenclosed property (as well now as the fields) coming from all directions to it the year round.

There is plenty of water on the farm, though the ground is perfectly dry in the summer; there is no lack of water for stock.

The property has a good bed of brick clay, a small water power available during the winter months, and unlimited water power could be taken from the falls of the Koksilah river at one corner of the property, for any purpose, at all seasons. Lime rock abuts on the property and a lime kiln is in operation on the adjoining claim.

There has been found underlying one portion of the property bog iron ore, which, when Texada iron ore comes to be smelted in the province, is a valuable supplementary ore to mix with that from Texada.

There is plenty of timber on the property for all purposes, some being good merchantable timber and easily drawn to the railroad, or run down the Koksilah River when that river shall have become cleared for lumbering.

Attention might be called to the fact that the title to this property is *Crown Grant*, a far better title than that subsequently given to holders under the Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway grant, and as coal has been found in small quantities not far from this property, it might at some time become valuable from that reason.

Hyde Farm can be fenced from three sides, as the Koksilah River banks (the boundary) being so high and steep, there are but few places where a stray animal could wander upon or from the place.

For an extensive dairy and cattle farm and for mixed farming, there are few places that would excel this after a judicious expenditure of money and with light clearings.

For price and terms of this magnificent property, or for further particulars, address "Hyde Farm," Colonist Office.

SPRING GOODS. SPRING GOODS.

Just opened up at the

Manchester House.

All Wool Challies at - 25c per yd
All Wool Challies at - 40c per yd

A Full Line of

BLACK MILITARY BRAID ALL WIDTHS.
BASKET BRAID,

In Black and Other Colors.

SEE OUR NEW CORSETS.

	Per Pair.
C. D. Corset, - - - - -	$1.00
E. T. Black Corset, - - -	$1.50
Watch Spring Corset, - -	$1.50
Queen Corset, - - - -	75c

See Show Windows for these Goods.

MANCHESTER HOUSE

88 YATES STREET.

de11

PREPARE

FOR SPRING

By leaving your orders for Additions, Alterations, Repairs, Store and Office Fittings, or any Carpenter Work with

J. P. BURGESS,

10 Broughton Street

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AUCTION SALES.

Feb. 28—Furniture. H. Cuthbert & Co.
Feb. 28—Live stock, etc. W. T. Hardaker.
March 2—Furniture H. Cuthbert & Co.

THE CITY.

ONLY one summons came before Mr. Justice Crease in chambers yesterday.

THE Pacific express was fourteen hours late yesterday, and consequently the Premier did not connect.

SEVENTEEN large and heavy young draught horses arrived from the county of Bruce, Ontario, for Mr. James Bryce, on Monday evening.

Two Japanese drunks made profuse apologies in the police court yesterday for having been drunk and were released on payment of the usual fines.

THE monthly social of the Ladies' Aid Society of the First Presbyterian church is to be given this evening, at 262 Johnson street, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Munsie.

ROBERT CASH was arrested yesterday by the city police charged with stealing $15 from a woman resident of Johnson street. The case will be ventilated in the police court this morning.

MAYOR TEAGUE and Chairman Hayward, of the Board of School Trustees, paid a semi-official visit to the Central school yesterday, calling upon each of the classes and taking mental note of the condition and requirements of the schools.

POSTMASTER SHAKESPEARE gives a lecture and stereoptican exhibition in the Blue Ribbon hall, Esquimalt, on Friday evening, there being also a concert programme of merit. The entertainment is for the benefit of the Methodist mission at the Naval suburb.

THE Mayor and City Council yesterday afternoon inspected the city portion of the Victoria & Sidney railway line, with a view of ascertaining if the railway company have strictly adhered to their agreement made with the previous council, and if the petitioners to the council from Market street have just cause for complaint.

REV. G. CLEMENT KING lectured at the Reformed Episcopal schoolroom last evening on "A Trip through Auld Scotia," the interesting discourse being freely illustrated with limelight views. The proceeds were in aid of the recently established mission in connection with the church, and which is under Rev. Mr. King's particular direction.

AS WAS recently announced in the COLONIST, the Victoria Electric Railway and Lighting Co., whose stock is held by nearly 200 people of this city, is about to extend and improve its street car and electric lighting service, and for that object has recently negotiated a loan of $500,000, which will shortly reach here, when, as soon as the weather permits, operations will be begun.

A SNUG little sum was realized at the sale of work held by the ladies of St. James' sewing circle, at St. James' school house, yesterday afternoon. Though the weather was a little tempestuous, quite a number of the fair sex braved the elements to attend the sale, and purchasing was brisk throughout the afternoon. The tea table was also well patronised, and the whole affair passed off enjoyably and successfully.

AN injunction of the Supreme court will, to-morrow, be applied for by Messrs. Eberts & Taylor, acting for Robert L. Foster, of Niagara street, to restrain the electric railway company from operating their cars on Niagara street and from supplying light to private citizens, it being alleged that, in the first instance, the business of the applicant—that of an expressman—is injured by the running of the cars, and in the second, that the corporation had no power to give running rights on Niagara street, nor to grant the tramway company the lighting franchise under which they claim to be supplying light in the city.

FRANCIS D. and John McCain have been formally committed for trial at Tacoma on the charge of forging money warrants, the preliminary examination being waived. The prisoners are held in bonds of $5,000 apiece on each of the two counts against them, making their bail $10,000 each. Their attorney, B. W. Coiner, protested that it was excessive, but Judge Reid said he had evidence before him which justified him in putting the bonds at that figure. The prisoners did not obtain bail, and are making no effort to get it. Their trial will probably come up in the Superior court at Tacoma within three weeks.

AMONG appointments recently made in the Royal Navy is that of Capt. Warrender, formerly first lieutenant of the Amphion, to the command of H.M.S. Centurion, the new China station flagship. The new torpedo lieutenant on the same ship is Sir R. K. Arbuthnot, who was on the Warspite when she was on this station. Rear-Admiral Hotham, C.B., it is understood, is to have command of the China station. Another former officer of the Warspite, Staff-Commander A. R. P. Bowden, has been given command of the Admiralty yacht Enchantress Surgeon Joseph C. Wood is appointed to H M.S. Pheasant, and Staff-Surgeon Patterson, formerly on the Melpomene, is now on duty in the Warspite, which is stationed as guardship at Queenstown.

RT. REV. BISHOP PERRIN presided and and delivered an applicable and interesting address at an open meeting of Perseverance lodge, I.O.G.T., held in Temperance hall, Pandora street, yesterday evening. There was a large attendance, and unusual interest was manifested in the proceedings, of which the presentation of the following programme formed an important part: Opening ode, "Friends of Temperance, Welcome Here"; recitation, Rev. A. Chisholm; solo, Mr. Firth; recitation, Mr. Semple; solo, Miss Fraser; solo, Miss Field; solo, Mr. Mitchell; instrumental duet, Mrs. Townsend and Mr. Mallett; solo, Mr. Collister; address, Rev. W. H. P. Arden; recitation, Miss Lilia Kettle; duet, Miss Murton and Miss Clyde; solo, Master Nichols. Refreshments were liberally dispensed during the intermission. An interesting open lodge was also held last evening by the Royal Templars of Temperance, at whose meeting, over the Bay, Senator McInnes presided, and a pleasing programme was presented.

IT seems as if Messrs. Hughitt & McIntyre's big boom of logs, which broke up on Cowichan lake, was cut adrift by some malicious person. Steps are about to be taken to collect the logs again.

A YOUTH who is alleged to have amused himself in the somewhat expensive entertainment of breaking other people's windows and the law, will call upon the Police magistrate in court this morning and make his explanations.

THE trustees of the Metropolitan Methodist church met yesterday evening, when the financial statement for the half year was presented, showing a surplus over all liabilities—a most satisfactory condition of affairs for hard times.

DR. HOLDEN, the surgeon in attendance upon Ed. West, the victim of Sunday's shooting accident, announces that no danger need be apprehended in the case. Twenty-four pellets have been extracted and the patient is doing well.

LAST night the operative plumbers and steam-fitters of this city met for the purpose of organizing a local branch of the United Association of the United States and Canada. The business was confined to the application for a charter.

THERE was a liberal amount of enjoyment furnished those who attended at St. Paul's Presbyterian church last evening, the occasion being a "record breaker" for the Ladies' Aid of that congregation, whose growth numerically is giving strength to all their undertakings. The entertainment they gave last evening was not only pleasurable to the senior members of the audience but provided plenty of fun for the young people. The programme rendered was as follows: Opening selection (24th Psalm), choir; prayer and remarks by Rev. D. MacRae; anthem, choir; quartette, Messrs. Russell. McArthur, Tagg and Cessford; address, Dr. Lang; duet, Messrs. Moir and Etherton; address, Rev. W. D. Barber; duet, Miss Clark and Mr. Moir; address, Rev. Dr. Campbell; solo, Mr. Moir; duet, Messrs. Etherton and Moir; address, Rev. A. Chisholm.

MR. JOHN A. HUMBIRD, president of the Victoria Lumbering and Manufacturing company, returned home to St. Paul, Minn., this morning, after a brief business trip to the Coast. Speaking of the purpose of his visit last evening, Mr. Humbird said it was decided not to open up work again for a short time, at least until things looked a little brighter; such a proceeding in the present condition of affairs would only result in disappointment to the "crews," and would not be profitable to the employers, as any work that offers is very scattered and scarcely worth the trouble of opening up. In this way a couple of cargoes could be had at present, but are passed over for the reasons given. When the market brightens, however, the company is ready for work and can supply lumber with any other concern of its kind. It is the same in the States, Mr. Humbird said; the depression has not by any means entirely passed over.

SPORTING GOSSIP.

The Proposition Endorsed—Reorganization of the "Star" Lacrosse Club.

The executive of the Victoria Lacrosse club, at a special meeting yesterday evening, endorsed the proposed arrangement between the various athletic organizations and the Victoria Athletic Grounds Co., and formed themselves into a committee to solicit subscriptions to the company's stock.

There was a full attendance of the members of the Star Lacrosse club at their annual meeting held last night at their club rooms, 32 Oswego street. The Stars were only organized last year, and in their first season won four out of five games played. They start the second season with a pleasant home of their own and unbounded enthusiasm. The newly elected officers are: Captain, W. A. Stephens; Vice-Captain, J. Routledge; Secretary-Treasurer, R. K Finlaison; Committee, R. Foster, S. Finlaison, T. Norman, R. Campbell, W. Greenfield and J. Braden. Votes of thanks to Prof. "Bob." Foster, for many kind services, and to S. Norman, for his great work last season in goal, terminated the proceedings of the annual meeting.

The Vancouver Cricket club hold their annual meeting on Friday of this week.

A well equipped agency of the Raleigh wheels is to be established in this city.

Vancouver's footballers appear to have waked up, and are preparing to give the Victorias a hard battle on Saturday.

FOOTBALL.

NANAIMO RANGERS TO PLAY HERE SATURDAY.

On Saturday next the Nanaimo Rangers will visit Victoria to play the local club. These teams faced each other in Nanaimo, a few weeks ago and played a draw game, so that this game is looked forward to as the decisive one. The Nanaimo Rangers' combination is a very strong one, and the boys will have to work hard if they intend to break it. The game will be played on Caledonia Park.

The "New Goods" are arriving all the time at Weiler Bros. Some very pretty Japanese Crepes are among the latest arrivals. *

Get a good Cocoa Door Mat," it is just what you need for the dirty weather. You can get any size at Weiler Bros. *

GORED BY A COW.

A fine colt belonging to Mr. Peter Lindsay, of Nixon, Ont., was badly hooked by a cow. Two bottles of Hagyard's Yellow Oil cured it. This invaluable remedy should be in every house. It cures cuts, sprains, bruises, burns, and all pains and aches in man or beast.

Parties wishing to see a part of the World's Fair can do so by calling at T. N. Hibben & Co., where they have on exhibition the Austrian display of papers. Souvenir sheets of paper containing watermark impressions of Washington and Cleveland given away.

Drop in and see the New Embroidered Felt Mantel Borderings and Table Covers at Weiler's. *

THE CHINESE.

Single Taxers and a Missionary Exchange Ideas on This Subject.

There was a remarkably lively discussion on the Chinese question at the single tax club meeting last evening, when a good audience gathered to hear what was to be said. Mr. West was down for an address upon the subject, but as he did not turn up in the early part of the evening, Mr. Cohen stepped into the breach and opened the ball. He held that no single taxer would give the Chinese as the cause of the present depression, but would contend that it was due to those conditions which the single tax was intended to do away with. He went on to speak of wages, holding that cheap labor would be all very well provided every one had free access to the land. However, under present conditions, cheap labor did not benefit society as a whole, but only the privileged classes.

Mr. West here arrived and took the floor, opposing the Chinese coming in competition with the working classes, as the result would be the lowering of the standard of living. He granted that the Chinese had a civilization, but it was on a different basis from ours, and consequently when the two came in contact they would inevitably clash. People talked about fraternity, love and so forth, but the Chinese were never brought here for the purpose of Christianizing and educating them—that was unadulterated rot. They were brought here for dollars and cents. Slavery was against British constitutions, and bringing Chinese here under bond to work was a violation of those constitutions. He contended further that employing Chinamen in domestic work was to "degrade the legitimate calling of the servant girl." Anyone who said the Chinaman was a benefit to our civilization was an ignoramus or a knave. It was true that all poverty would not be abolished even if all the Chinese were removed from the country, but their presence only added to making matters worse.

During this address Mr. Coleman, the Chinese missionary, was industriously scribbling down notes for future reference, and when called upon promptly took the floor. He was not pro-Chinese as against the whites, he said, and went on to claim that the Chinese question was never a real question on this coast. It was only brought up for political purposes. The land question was really responsible for the present depression, and he did not think that the Chinese here aggravated the evil any more than the same number of white men. The same hard times are experienced all over the world, and are even worse elsewhere than here. He had been well acquainted with the Chinese for twelve years, and they did not come here as slaves. They borrowed money to come here, it was true, but they were not slaves, at least as far as the men were concerned. Going on to speak of the servant girls, he did not think domestic service was degraded by Chinese being employed in it. There might be individual cases where girls did not like to work where Chinese were employed, but the main reason girls were so averse to housework was that "man works from sun to sun; but woman's work is never done," and consequently girls prefer the factory or shop to domestic work. As to civilization, he had been in China and if people thought that Chinese were satisfied with their present civilization they were much mistaken. The Chinese were not satisfied, but were constantly struggling forward to a higher civilization. He would gladly see every Chinaman leave this country to-morrow but we had no right to do any injustice to Chinese that we would not dare to do a European nation. He ascribed a great deal of the degredation in China to Great Britain forcing the opium traffic on China.

The audience was thoroughly worked up by this time and applauded or dissented from the arguments used with great vigor.

Mr. Keith, the last speaker, took exception to some of Mr. Coleman's remarks, holding that the question was one of the most burning on the coast, and was not brought up for political capital. The Chinese were detrimental to the whites, and he found them working where white men were idle.

PERSONAL.

A. J. and Mrs. McLellan are back from California.

S. Tingley arrived in the city last evening from Ashcroft.

Ald. H. P. McCraney of Vancouver, is a guest at the Driard.

Miss Workman and Miss O'Neil are home from San Francisco.

John Savannah has returned from a visit to the California mid-winter fair.

John Bowron, gold commissioner at Barkerville, is registered at the Oriental.

Forrest Angus and Mrs. Angus were passengers from Vancouver yesterday evening.

H. T. Ceperley of Vancouver, arrived over by last night's boat; so also did Capt. Tatlow.

E. Laurent, Tacoma, A. J. Clark, Seattle, and T. H. Tolson, Everett, Wash., are guests at the "Victoria."

Charles Wilson is down to attend the appeal of Gordon v. Cotton, before the Divisional Court.

A. McQueen, Max Leiser and F. W. Parker, were passengers by the steamer Premier last evening.

John McLean and Mrs. McLean, Quesnell, F. M. Soule, Vancouver, and Alex. Cameron, Langley, are at the Oriental.

J. M. Savage, Mayor of Rat Portage, with Mrs. Savage, is on a visit to the coast, and is stopping at the Driard.

F. S. Roper, inspector of contagious diseases among animals, returned yesterday evening from an official visit to the Mainland.

J. C. Armstrong and several other Westminster people, form a party who are on their way to San Francisca by the Walla Walla.

Chief of Police H. W. Sheppard arrived in San Francisco yesterday, and after "doing" the fair will proceed to Southern California.

John A. Humbird, President, and E. J. Palmer, Manager, of the Victoria Lumber Company, came down from Chemainus by yesterday's train.

John E. Glover has returned to his home in Hudson, Wis., the settlement of the suit of Carmody v. Glover enabling him to do so earlier than was expected.

Mrs. Millroy, Olympia, Mrs. S. E. Armitage and Miss Armitage, Bowling Green, Kentucky, are over from the Sound on a pleasure trip, and are staying at the Oriental.

Mrs. E. J. Watkins of Toronto, Ont., well known throughout the Dominion and even beyond its boundaries, as the contributor of "Kit's" column to the Toronto Mail, is in town. Having "done" the World's Fair for the big Toronto daily, "Kit" is now on her way to the mid-winter exhibition in San Francisco.

The Windsor Hotel, Nanaimo. The Cuisine is excellent. 1m

Superior Whale Oil Soap, Lye &c., for destroying insects on fruit and other trees, for sale at Jackson's Drug store, Douglas St. *

THE desirability of calling an early meeting to discuss the form to be taken by this year's celebration of Her Majesty's birthday anniversary, meets with general approval, and already there are many to be found who incline to the opinion that a week's carnival of sport could be conveniently and advantageously arranged. Properly advertised along the Coast, and more particularly in San Francisco, a week's tournament would no doubt attract a large number of visitors, whose presence would be of financial benefit to the city, and who would be sure to enjoy themselves right well and merrily.

THE lecture room of the Metropolitan Methodist church was well filled at the Charity concert last evening, and though several changes were made in the order of the programme, none of the artists whose names appeared on it were absent. The orchestra opened the concert with a selection that was well received. Professor Buck and Mr. Aspland appeared to excellent advantage in a duet, "Fishermen"; Madame Laird's sweet voice was at its best in "Robin Adair"; Miss Cameron's recitation fully entitled her to the recall which she received; while Mr. Richardson carried many an Englishman or Irishman back in imagination to his native land. Mr. Ernest Wolff, L.C.M., fully sustained his reputation as a violinist, and Mr. J. G. Brown had his usual enthusiastic reception and repeated encore. Perhaps, however, the interest of the audience culminated in the illuminated club swinging of John Boyd, and the burlesque recitation by Messrs. Allan and Boyd, both of which elicited long continued applause.

Joy Inexpressible

Another Boy's Life Saved

Health Blighted by Scrofula and Hip Disease

Perfect Cure, Happiness and Health Given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Exeter, N. H.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"I cannot praise Hood's Sarsaparilla enough for what it has done for my boy. Some four years ago, when six years old, George was attacked by hip disease in his right leg. We had to get him a pair of crutches, with which he was able to move about, but became badly deformed. We had to have his right leg lanced just above the knee. In a few weeks a second sore broke out, both discharging freely. Agonizing pains afflicted him, he could not bear to be moved, his growth was stopped and

He Was a Mere Skeleton.

He had no appetite, and it was hard work to make him eat enough to keep him alive. A few weeks later we had his hip lanced, and following this five other eruptions broke out, making eight running sores in all. We did all we could for him, but he grew weaker every day, although we had three of the best physicians. As a last resort we were prevailed upon by relatives who had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla with beneficial results to give the medicine a trial. We got one bottle about the first of March, 1892, and he had taken the medicine only a few days when his appetite began to improve. When he had taken one bottle he could move about a little with his crutches, which he had not been able to use for the preceding three months. We continued faithfully with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and in 6 months he was

Able to Be Dressed

and go about the house without the crutches. He has now taken Hood's Sarsaparilla regularly for eighteen months, and for the past six months has been without the crutches, which he has outgrown by several inches. The sores have all healed with the exception of one which is rapidly closing, only the scars and an occasional limp remaining as reminders of his suffering.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Sarsaparilla in his case has truly done wonders, and he is daily gaining in flesh and good color. He runs about and plays as lively as any child. We feel an inexpressible joy at having our boy restored to health, and we always speak in the highest terms of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. HENRY W. MURPHY, Exeter, New Hampshire.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

WHY BUY CHEAP CANADIAN ORGANS?

When you can get an ESTEY! (American)

For $100. The Best in the World

Over 270,000 Now in Use.

See the Estey Organ for $120 in our Show Window. Best Value in the City.

German Pianos from $250 Upwards.

The "Heintzman" Piano is Canada's Favorite.

The "Heintzman" with Transposing Keyboard is a Marvel of Perfection.

SEE OUR NEW STOCK.

PRICES PITCHED LOW AND TERMS EASY.

Waitt's Music Store

no5 64 GOVERNMENT STREET

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

FIRST SHIPMENT OF

SPRING · GOODS.

21 CASES — DRESS GOODS, COSTUME CLOTHS, SILKS, TRIMMINGS, LACES, CORSETS, ETC. — Purchased by Mr. C. Spencer in Paris, Berlin and London.

D. SPENCER, - - - PROPRIETOR.

ONLY

ONE DAY

MORE

Our Sale ends with February, and if you want BARGAINS for your money, now is the time.

Men's and Children's Suits, 25 per cent. off some odd lines which we must clear, 20 per cent. off regular lines.

We have about 5 dozens White Shirts, sizes 14½ to 16½ (except 16, which is sold out).

Men's Good Gum Coats, about 50 left, at $1.50, regular price $2.50.

Men's and Boys' McIntoshes, reduced 20 per cent.

Men's Braces, 15c. Men's Mitt's, 15c.

Men's Good Heavy Underwear, 50c.

Men's Seamless Socks, 3 pairs for 25 cents.

Men's Linen Collars, stand-up or turn-down, $1.00 a doz., or 3 for 25 cents.

Boots and Shoes at similar reductions.

This Sale is STRICTLY FOR CASH, and ONLY for 1 DAY LONGER.

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Lenten Specialties.

Extra Fine Cod, Bloaters and Other Fish Delicacies at

SAUNDERS,

39 & 41 JOHNSON STREET.

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WESTSIDE

DRESS GOODS, FLANNELETTES; CAMEO DRAPERIES, INDIA LINENS, NAINSOOKS and VICTORIA LAWNS, CURTAIN NETS, SPRING PRINTS.

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Received to-day (February 22). New goods constantly arriving.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

fo18

RAGS WANTED.

Three cents a pound will be paid for clean cotton rags at this office.

CAPE BRETON ILLUSTRATED

Historic, Picturesque and Descriptive, by JOHN M. GOW, illustrated by the celebrated artist, JAMES A. STUBBERT.

TABLE OF CONTENTS—The English Puritan, The American Puritan, The Briton as an Organizer and a Colonist, The French as Missionary and Colonist, The Seven Years War, Description of the Town and Fortress of Louisburg, The New England Invasion of Cape Breton, The First Seige of Louisburg, the Second Seige of Louisburg, The United States, Cape Breton, The Dominion of Canada, Attractions of Cape Breton for Tourists.

29 Illustrations. Book contains 423 pages; good size type; size of page 8½x6½. Price—In cloth $3.00, postage 15c; morocco, $5.00, postage 20c. Sent to any place in the Dominion on receipt of price. Address

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SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

FOR FAMILY USE,

IS THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

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VETERINARY :: SURGEON.

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Office, Bowman's Livery Stables . 1. 57. Residence, 100 Cadboro Road, tel. 537' ju23

WHY THE MINISTERS TRAVEL.

A Return Showing the Large Amount of Business Discussed in One Short Visit.

Correspondence Between the Two Governments Arising Out of Premier Davie's Trip.

The motion made by the leader of the opposition in the legislature on Monday for reports showing the results of the trips made by the various ministers on public business since 1891, had the unexpected result—for the mover incidentally said that he did not believe there were any reports—of the immediate presentation of a very interesting series of papers relating to Hon. Mr. Davie's visit to Ottawa in 1892, while such other reports as have been made were promised for a later date. The chief of the papers submitted is the following letter, which speaks for itself:

OTTAWA, Nov. 18, 1892.

To the Honorable Sir John Thompson, K. C. M. G., Minister of Justice, Ottawa.

DEAR SIR JOHN:—Adverting to the conferences held on Monday and Tuesday, the 31st October and 1st November, between Hons. Carling, Ouimet, and yourself on the one hand, and myself on the other, the subjects discussed may be summarized as follows: 1. Delimitation of the railway belt. 2. Immigration matters. 3. Quarantine. 4 Public improvements.

The question of the judicial needs of Vancouver District had already been satisfactorily arranged at a conference previously had with yourself and deputy, the arrangement being that one of the Victoria Judges should hold court weekly at Vancouver, and that during Mr. Justice McCreight's leave of absence, the local government should enlarge County Court Judge Bole's jurisdiction as a local superior court judge, and include his name and that of Mr. Harrison in the Assize commission, leaving it to the County Court Judges Bole and Harrison to arrange between themselves for the latter's assistance in the county court work in the New Westminster judicial district. A further matter which I was deputed to discuss with the Dominion government, was a claim of $8,000, paid to Kinipple & Morris by the British Columbia government on dock account, and now demanded by the province from the Dominion under the terms of the settlement in 1884. This question, it was arranged, should be discussed between Mr. Sedgewick and myself, and was, consequently, not taken up at the conference first alluded to, which was confined to the four subjects above particularized.

DELIMITATION OF THE BELT.

Three methods have been proposed for defining the boundaries, one by the Dominion order in council dated 27th May, 1887; a second by an order in council of the Provincial government dated 24th August, 1887, and a third by a Dominion order in council dated 15th July. 1892. These boundaries are marked upon the map referred to in the order in council of 15th July, 1892, and produced at our conference. The line proposed by the Dominion order in council dated 27th May, 1887, being colored red; that proposed by the Provincial order in council dated 24th August, 1887, being colored blue, and the line lastly claimed by the Dominion government being colored brown and green. Without entering into detail, I think I may say that during our conference the brown and green line was abandoned, and the question was reduced to the consideration of the red and blue lines. the difference in area between which is estimated to be between 750,000 and 1,000,000 acres in favor of the Dominion, should the red boundary be adopted. We afterwards proceeded to the discussion of titles which had been granted by the province to lands within the belt, and then to the question of public works and undertakings. I refer with some degree of particularity to such undertakings further on.

During our conference you asked me to furnish a list of the lands within the red belt sold by the province and for which patents have been issued. This I telegraphed for and have since received, and I enclose the same with this letter. This list includes all sales so far as known, but cannot be guaranteed to include all, as, in the absence of work upon the ground showing where the red line is located, it is impossible, when dealing with a mountainous country, to be anything like exact. The liklihood of there having been other sales I deal with later on in this letter.

QUARANTINE MATTERS

Were disposed of satisfactorily by Mr. Carling's assurance that Albert Head, or some more suitable location, would be thoroughly equipped as a quarantine station, without delay, and a medical quarantine officer stationed there instead of at Victoria. It was also suggested, and I understood agreed to, that for the examination of vessels coming from Puget Sound ports direct to Victoria and Vancouver without having reported at Albert Head, the municipal health officers should, during office, be appointed Dominion quarantine officers. I think the same plan should be adopted at Nanaimo, as Puget Sound vessels visit that port also.

IMMIGRATION MATTERS.

Prior to the month of May last, the Dominion Government, at a small cost, maintained agencies at Victoria and Vancouver, the home in the former city and the land upon which it is erected being Dominion property, and in the latter being held under rental from the Canadian Pacific railway company. Without previous warning, the Dominion, by order in council dated 28th May, 1892, resolved to close these homes and discharge the agents, which was done in the month of July following. As it was necessary that the homes should be maintained, and there was no time for parley, the Provincial government concluded it best, until some understanding should be arrived at, to themselves keep the homes afoot, and, consequently appointed care-takers for Victoria and Vancouver, and have also arranged to retain the agent temporarily at Victoria. One of the reasons for the discontinuance of the agencies in these towns of the Dominion in which it was resolved to discontinue them appears, by the report of the Minister of the Interior, dated 27th May, 1892, to have been the neglect of the provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia to contribute towards the maintenance of the London office, to which it had been agreed at a conference held in November, 1874, at which these provinces were represented (but British Columbia was not), that the provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia should contribute. The principle that the responsibility for all matters connected with the promotion of immigration should be vested in the government of Canada had been affirmed at previous conferences at which British Columbia was represented, and at one of which, held in September, 1871, it was expressly stipulated that the Dominion government should maintain an efficient immigration office at Victoria. Subsequently, after the completion of the Canadian Pacific railway and the growth of the city of Vancouver, the government of Canada established the immigration home there also. I would call attention to a minute in council of the British Columbia government dated about 10th July, 1892, and forwarded to the Hon. the Secretary of State for Canada, wherein the ground is taken that the agreement arrived at by the conference of September, 1871, to establish an office at Victoria was such as to place Victoria in the same position as Quebec, Montreal, Halifax, and St. John, N.B., at which last-mentioned points the government of Canada, by act of parliament, is bound to establish and maintain immigration offices, and it is also pointed out that whilst the Hon. the Minister of the Interior recommends the closing of the agencies at London, Hamilton, Toronto, Kingston, Prescott, and Ottawa, he does not report against the continuance of the offices at Quebec, Montreal, Halifax, and St, John, and that Victoria and Vancouver occupy the same relative positions on the Pacific as seaport towns, which those cities do on the Atlantic, and that no discrimination should be made between cities so situated. It was also shown by the provincial order-in-council above alluded to, that the immigrants housed at Vancouver, particularly, were principally those who might be expected to settle on Dominion lands in the railway belt, there being no Provincial lands in the vicinity.

Consequently, at our conference on Monday and Tuesday, I urged that the Dominion government at once resume the maintenance of the agencies at Vancouver and Victoria.

Whilst upon the subject of immigration, I wish also to urge the unfairness of the present apportionment of the tax imposed upon Chinese immigrants, one-fourth of which only is paid to the province, three-fourths being retained by the Dominion. These immigrants settle almost exclusively in British Columbia, and on their account alone the province and municipalities have been obliged to establish a hospital and home for lepers, several of whom have developed amongst the Chinese. Not only in maintaining this institution are the Chinese a peculiar burthen upon the province, but they unduly increase the cost of administering justice, as criminal statistics show; they are looked upon as being, and are, an undesirable class of immigrants, and it is certainly but right that the disadvantage and burthen of their presence being borne by the government of British Columbia, the compensation for their incoming should be enjoyed by the government shouldering the burthen, and not by the Dominion government, which suffers no loss or inconvenience on account of the Chinese whatever.

PUBLIC WORKS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

It is felt that the prosperity and development of the province is being seriously retarded for want of necessary public works and improvements. These have already been pressed upon the government of Canada by the British Columbia representatives, and chief amongst them, and of vital and urgent necessity, may be mentioned:—

1.—*Improvements of Rivers*—(*a*) A hydrographic survey of the navigable part of the Fraser river, which has become seriously choked up by bars and diverted from its ordinary channel, as shown by the Admiralty charts, thereby causing the washing away of large tracts of valuable land and threatening calamitous destruction in the near future. In the restoring of the river to its proper channel and the removal of obstructions, $100,000 can be usefully expended, and it is estimated will thoroughly accomplish the work. Upon this subject I refer you to the minutes of the provincial government forwarded to the Secretary of State, and dated respectively 26th March, 1890, 2nd April, 1890, 14th March, 1892, and 22nd August, 1892

(*b.*) Removing the obstructions in the navigation of the Skeena river, which will include removal of the snags, for which work a steam scow would be necessary, and blasting the rocks, which render the Kitsa-las canyon dangerous at certain stages of water. For the purpose of blasting the rocks an appropriation of $2,000 was voted by the Dominion last session, but $5,000 will be required for the purpose. The removal of the snags and employment of a steam scow will comparatively not be an expensive matter. The local government are constructing a wagon road from Hazleton to the adjacent agricultural lands, but the efforts of the provincial government to open up this portion of the province will be unavailing unless the improvements to navigation upon the Skeena, above indicated, be likewise undertaken. I will, before I leave Ottawa, endeavor to furnish you with an estimate of the cost of removing the snags. During our conference I handed Hon. Mr. Ouimet a letter from Mr. R. H. Hall, M. P. P., giving valuable information on the subject of the proposed improvements to the Skeena river.

(*c*) The removal of obstructions in the Cowichan river: owing to these obstructions last year, the railway bridge near Duncan and the government road bridge in the same locality, were both washed away, and serious damage done to the lower bridges, near the sea, also entailing great loss and inconvenience to the settlers. The Indian reserve on the river has been reduced by 100 acres or more (see report of a survey which it is understood the Indian department has had made, showing the quantity of land swept away from the reserve), and the settlers have lost a large area of valuable land worth $100 per acre. Similar devastation is bound to occur in future unless the matter is remedied.

The Dominion government have for some years expended annually $1,000 for improvement of the Cowichan river, but the work requires to be undertaken on an entirely different plan, and can be undertaken so as to be effective once for all. As it is now—one year the stream will wash a few acres from the north bank, and then next summer the $1,000 will be spent in trying to direct the current from the north bank, with the only consequence of the inroads of the river being directed towards the south bank; and so on, year by year, turned from bank to bank. By this process the river has already cut a channel nearly 400 yards wide in some places.

The plan which Mr. Croft, an experienced engineer, member of the local house for Cowichan district, whose letter to me I have handed to Hon. Mr. Ouimet, recommends, is to erect suitable guiding works above the railway bridge, and extend them year by year towards the sea, and thus in a few years the channel could be made straight, the safety of the various bridges assured, and the farmers' and Indian lands protected from loss. Accompanying Mr. Croft's letter is a rough sketch illustrating the proposed work.

(*d*) Removal of log jams in the Koksilah and Chemainus rivers. This would be a work of trifling expense, but of vast advantage to the community.

(*e*) Giving a subsidy for a steamboat service and mail communication to the islands between Vancouver island and the mainland, Comox and those points of settlement on the mainland and island not reached by rail, and extending to Queen Charlotte islands. There are large and valuable tracts of land and important industries which might by this means be opened, populated, and developed, and in this connection I may say that the local government would be prepared to open up roads in places thus made accessible.

(*f.*) Lighthouses.—Nanaimo harbor, Departure bay, Cape Mudge, the northern entrance Johnson's straits, and Moresby islands.

(*g*) Fog alarms.—East point of Entrance island.

(*h*) Telegraph lines between Nanaimo, Alberni and Comox, and signal line, northern entrance to Johnson's straits; also the better maintenance of the telegraph service provided by the Carmanah and Cape Beale wire. As an instance of the inefficiency of the last-mentioned service, I have handed Hon. Mr. Ouimet a clipping from the COLONIST of 20th October, ult., showing the experience of the ship Dumfrieshire, proving the present working of the line to be simply a delusion.

(*i.*) Harbors—Victoria and Nanaimo. Removal of rocks from inner harbor at Victoria, dredging both harbors, and new dredging plant.

(*j.*) Beacon light to be placed on Brotchie's ledge.

(*k.*) Indian schools.—The extension and maintenance of these institutions, as being a most effective way of promoting order and usefulness amongst the natives, as fully proved by the success which has so far attended the efforts of the Dominion in British Columbia in this direction.

Another matter which has been pressed upon the government by the members is the question of remuneration to the post office employes. The present scale is hardly sufficient to provide, in British Columbia, the ordinary necessaries of life. Living wages should be allowed, else depletion of the service must ensue. As you know, the cost of living in British Columbia cannot be gauged by eastern prices.

Kootenay Indians—The Dominion government should, I think, strengthen their staff of officials dealing with the Indian affairs in the district of Kootenay. These are a troublesome tribe of Indians, and their numbers are frequently augmented by visits of tribal friends from the United States. They are not properly kept upon their reserve, but squat on crown lands, and go about well armed. Recently the Alberta company, who have a contract with the local government for which entails the cutting of a canal, having to operate their works through some of the garden patches which had been laid out by Indians on crown land outside of the reserves, were met with resistance from the Indians. Things looked quite threatening, and the local government were appealed to. We are, of course, responsible for the administration of justice, but we cannot be expected to cope with bands of armed savages. We adopted what, under the circumstances, was the most feasible course, and gave authority to our local agent to treat with the Indians and compensate them for the lands which the works of the company had disturbed. I am not aware yet of the amount of compensation paid, but I am informed by letters which I have received since my arrival, that the trouble is now over for the present. There can be little doubt that, but for the policy of compensation adopted by the local government, there would have been a serious disturbance, little short of an Indian war.

The Fisheries.—It was decided in the case of Reg. v. Robertson, 6 C.S.C., R. 52, that the ungranted lands in a province being in the province, the exclusive right to fish follows as an incident and is in the crown as a trustee for the benefit of the people of the province, and that therefore a license by the Dominion to fish in streams running through provincial property would be illegal. The Dominion, however, issues licenses in British Columbia, and assumes control of the fisheries. This seems in excess of their power as defined by the authority above quoted, and, moreover, the people complain of the Dominion regulations as unsuited to the fishing interests.

Insolvency.—There is a general desire in commercial circles, as expressed by the Board of Trade, for an insolvency law, the want of which causes much financial difficulty. It would be satisfactory to the people of the province if I could assure them that the intention of your government is to enact an insolvency law in the near future.

Adjustment of the Railway Belt Question.— * * * I shall be glad to be informed whether the Dominion government are prepared to relinquish the claim of issuing fishing licenses and of recognizing the provincial control of fisheries and right to administer them.

I have the honor to be,
Dear Sir John,
Your most obedient servant,
(Sd) THEODORE DAVIE,
Premier of British Columbia.

The results of the above communication may be thus summarized, the dates given being those of the communications from Ottawa, which are given in full in the returns laid before the legislature:

Brotchie ledge—December 30, 1892: Dominion government state that arrangements will be made next season for placing stone or concrete beacon on this ledge, surmounted by an electric light connected with the shore system.

Lighthouses and fog alarms—January 13, 1893: The Minister of Marine and Fisheries, upon the strength of the report made by the engineer of the department, expresses the opinion that the urgency for a lighthouse on Cape Mudge, compared with the demands elsewhere, is not sufficient to warrant the necessary expenditure; that the pilots are satisfied with the two lights upon buoys at the entrance to Nanaimo harbor, Departure bay, placed in lieu of building a lighthouse at that point; that with reference to the requested lighthouse in Departure bay, in the absence of any further representation from those engaged in navigation it would appear that the shipping in this district is fairly served by existing aids; that the American government having decided to place a light on Turn point, Stewart island, the necessity for a lighthouse on Moresby island has disappeared; and the Minister added that while every effort is being made to keep pace with the growth of trade in British Columbia, so far as providing the necessary aids to navigation is concerned, it must be recollected that throughout the great inland waters of Canada new routes are being constantly opened up as well, and the demands are yearly increasing for similar aids in various other parts of Canada. Great caution is therefore necessary in order that, while the interests of navigation may be fairly served, the charges of construction and maintenance of these aids may not be unduly increased.

Fog alarm, east point of Entrance island—January 28, 1893: The Minister of Marine and Fisheries recommends that, in view of the large amount of tonnage visiting Nanaimo, and that the approaches are more dangerous than those at Victoria or Vancouver, this matter be favorably considered when the estimates for the next fiscal year be dealt with.

Quarantine—April 22, 1893: The Dominion Minister of Agriculture states that departmental representations have been made to secure the vaccination of all steerage passengers from Asiatic ports before embarkation.

Indian affairs — April 22, 1893: The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs reports that the trouble between the Indians of the Kootenay and the Alberta company appears to have been exaggerated in the representation upon which the provincial government's communication was founded; and the Minister concurs in the opinion of Superintendent Vowell that there is no real necessity for increasing the staff of the department in Kootenay.

Indian schools—May 9, 1893: The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs submits a statement setting forth fully in detail the expenditure made for schools in British Columbia up to date and the proposed expenditure during 1893-4, which shows a grand total since the year 1875-6, of expenditure and proposed expenditure on account of Indian schools of $222,161.46. This statement gives the amount for every year, and these few show the rate of increase: 1875 76, $1,150; 1880-81, $2,405; 1885 86, $2,784; 1890-91, including industrial schools, $39,583; and 1893-94, including industrial schools, $44,040.

LARDEAU

NORTHEAST ARM UPPER ARROW LAKE.

The Townsite Company have entered into a contract to build a wharf to deep water at lowest stage, at the foot of Victoria avenue. This will cost about $4000.

The C.P.R. Telegraph Company's line is built from Revelstoke to Nelson, Nakusp and Kaslo via LARDEAU CITY, and the office for the Lardeau and Fish Creek Districts is situated at LARDEAU CITY.

A Mining Recorder is stationed at LARDEAU—a convenience for the prospectors of this region. Many rich strikes have recently been made on Fish Creek, a few miles from LARDEAU. A steamer calls three times a week at LARDEAU.

The charter for the Lardeau & Kootenay Railroad has its commencement at LARDEAU CITY. This line will undoubtedly be built in the near future, as it is the only route to the famous Lardeau Mines on Trout Lake and the shortest and easiest pass to Kootenay Lake.

Prospectors and capitalists visiting the Lardeau Country will find the best Hotel Accommodation in West Kootenay at LARDEAU CITY. It is the entrance point to the Lardeau, Fish Creek and Duncan River Mines, and will save time, labor and money to prospectors who desire to visit these sections.

LARDEAU CITY has much in its favor. It is affected by the prevailing dullness at present, but its situation is such that it must become an important trading point, and grow into a considerable town.

Investors in West Kootenay should seek particulars about LARDEAU and the District tributary to it. Any information will be furnished upon application to the undersigned.

ROBT. IRVING, TRUSTEE,
VICTORIA, B.C.

ALTOGETHER DISAPPEARED.

GENTLEMEN.—About two months ago I was nearly wild with headaches. I started taking B.B.B., took two bottles and my headaches have now altogether disappeared. I think it a grand medicine. EVA FINN,
Massey Station, Ont.

LINDEN HALL,
HEAD STREET, ESQUIMALT ROAD, VICTORIA, B.C.
A Select Private Boarding and Day School for Girls,
Will open February 8th, 1894. For further information apply to MRS. C. J. BRENTON.
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SNOWFLAKE AND SUPERB FLOUR
The choicest product of the Finest wheat . . . .
Makes more and better bread
At "hard times prices" . .
VICTORIA FEED & PRODUCE CO.
fe1-1m Pandora St., near City Hall.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON CITY PROPERTY.
The Dominion Building & Loan Association.
Advisory Board—W. P. Sayward, President; R. Seabrook, Vice-President; D. R. Ker, F. Carne, jr., W. H. Bone. Apply to A. W. MORE, Secretary-Treasurer, 70 Douglas street; or to Geo. E. Powell, Solicitor, 65½ Government St.

Salmon Cannery and Store for Sale
At Gardner Inlet, fully equipped, and in good running order, with or without steamer "Clara Young," also—
750 boxes I. C. Tin Plates, "Lydbrook," tinlined cases, and 3,500 lbs. each Pig Lead and Pig Tin, to arrive per "Astoria," due Victoria early in April. For full particulars, apply to
MARTIN & ROBERTSON,
fe2 Victoria or Vancouver.

MATERNITY (late Samaritan), Home, removed to larger premises at 10 Blanchard, corner of Rae street. Applicants please apply at the Home or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay road, or to Mrs. Flumerfelt Gorge road
fe17

TENDERS.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS, endorsed "Tender," will be received by the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to 4 o'clock p.m. of Tuesday, 6th March next, for the erection of a Provincial Home for Aged Persons at Kamloops.

Plans and specifications can be seen, and forms for tender obtained, at the office of R. MacKay Fripp, Esq., Architect, Vancouver, at the Government Office at Kamloops, and at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., 6th February, 1894. fe7-1m

Vancouver Island.

ALL placer claims and leaseholds in Vancouver Island and adjacent islands legally held may be laid over from the 15th day of November, 1893, until the 1st day of June, 1894.

F. G. VERNON,
Gold Commissioner.
Victoria, B.C., 6th December, 1893. fe10-td

"Fire Insurance Policy Act, 1893."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has named the

1ST DAY OF APRIL, 1894,

in lieu of the 1st day of January, 1894, as the date upon which "An Act to secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance," shall come into force.

JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
20th December, 1893. fe10-td

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.
DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m.
Umatilla - - - - March 4
R. P. RITHET & CO.,
mch26 Agents

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street tf

STEAMERS AND SHIPS

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.
On and after March 22nd, 1893,
The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows, calling at Way Ports as Freight and Passengers may offer:
Leave Victoria, Tuesday, a. m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.
For freight or state rooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street. fe4

C.P. Navigation Co., Limited.
TIME TABLE NO. 22
Takes effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route:
Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.
For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Sidney—Wednesday, at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:
Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, Oct. 31st, 1893.

BY WAY OF
MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL
AND OVER
The North-Western Line
Is the best route in every respect to
CHICAGO
and all points East,
KANSAS CITY, OMAHA, SIOUX CITY
and all points South. Direct connections in Union Depots. Vestibuled Trains. Compartment Buffet, Pull- man, and Dining Cars on every train. All ticket agents can sell you to your desination over "The North-Western Line."
F. W. PARKER,
ja19 Puget Sound Agent Seattle.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Fourth Session of the Sixth Parliament.

TWENTY-FIFTH DAY.

TUESDAY, Feb. 27, 1894.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. Prayers by Rev. A. B. Winchester.

COMPLAINT BY MR. BEAVEN.

HON. MR. BEAVEN, again bringing up the subject of the disorderly proceedings on the part of the opposition at the sitting on Saturday morning, said that as a question of privilege he wished to direct attention to what he called a "garbled report" of what he said yesterday with regard to the extended account of the proceedings appearing in the COLONIST. "You will see," he said, "in the VICTORIA DAILY COLONIST of February 27, 1894, that I called attention to the disorderly proceedings of the opposition at the last sitting of the house. I did nothing of the kind; there were no disorderly proceedings by the opposition; but I called attention to the garbled report of the proceedings of the legislature."

EVENING SITTINGS.

MR GRANT inquired when evening sittings might be looked for, because he said some of the committees found they would have to meet in the evening, and they wished to make their arrangements according to the intention of the government.

HON. MR. DAVIE said the house may safely calculate upon night sittings on Mondays, Tuesdays and Fridays. Of Wednesdays and Thursdays he would say nothing because they are private members days.

PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

The petition of Thos. Harvey, of Nanaimo, a "druggist" and herbalist practising since before the formation of the pharmaceutical association, asking for such legislation as would effectually prevent the interference of that association with his business, was read and received.

KOOTENAY ENTERPRISES.

MR. KELLIE asked leave to introduce a bill intituled "An act respecting the incorporation of tramway, telephone and telegraph companies in West Kootenay district.

Bill read a first time; second reading to-morrow.

AN IRREGULAR MOTION.

MR KITCHEN asked leave to withdraw the notice he had given of his intention to again move the very lengthy resolution presented through him as an amendment to the motion to go into supply. He said he understood it was out of order, having been voted upon already.

Motion accordingly dropped.

THE PROVINCIAL FINANCES.

HON. MR. BEAVEN moved: "Whereas the reports presented to the legislative assembly show that the appropriations made last session for the present fiscal year and the money illegally expended by the executive since the commencement of the said year and the money asked for by the present estimates for the same year, show a deficiency of over $406,000; and whereas the amount available from the money received from the "Loan act, 1891," to meet the said deficiency is quite insufficient to meet the same; and whereas the executive have used special and trust funds amounting to $277,000.10 to meet the said deficiency, and it is evident that a much larger deficit will exist at the end of the present fiscal year; and whereas the members of the government have by the estimates of revenue presented at the last and present sessions, have erroneously shown that a surplus instead of a deficit existed and would exist on 1st July, 1894: This house is of opinion that the members of the government have committed a grave offence in endeavoring to mislead as to the financial position and liabilities of the province." The mover argued at considerable length in attempting to show the correctness of his contentions.

HON. MR. TURNER said no one is better aware than the hon. gentleman who has just spoken how little truth there is in his contentions. He had never before heard, in the eight years he had been in the house, such infamous language as that used this session towards the ministers and members generally on the government side, from the charge made at the opening of the session that he (Mr. Turner) had written lying letters from Montreal, down to the sweeping denunciation of all the government supporters as "blackguards" made by the leader of the opposition the other morning. He showed that there is no foundation whatever for the statement of the financial position made in the resolution, but that the incontrovertible fact is that according to all probability there will be a balance of $105,000 to the good on the 30th of June next. Though some of the taxes and timber licenses have been behind because not pressed for by the government, they are good available assets, of the best kind. When the hon. leader of the opposition finds himself cornered as to the revenue, he goes off on the contention that some of it is not revenue at all because derived from trust funds of various kinds. He would have the government wrap up this money in a napkin and hide it away as did the unprofitable servant with his talent, but the act distinctly provides that the money from suitors' funds and intestate estate should be paid in to the revenue of the province, and therefore of course is to be used. This is a permanent fund, because while it is continually being paid out, there are also month by month payments continually being made into it. The same with the Nakusp & Slocan and other railway deposits, which the act says the government shall retain and use as the revenue of the province, and they belong just as much to revenue as do the real estate and other taxes. The government act as a banker for these funds, receiving them and paying out when required. The strong effort the hon. gentleman has been making in the public accounts reports to make it appear that the finances of the province are in a bad position has been very noticeable, but he thought would fail to have the effect intended. The resolution now before the house he described as altogether preposterous, and there were so many untruths in it that he thought it should almost be reversed to read that, whereas it contains so many false representations calculated to injure the credit of the province the leader of the opposition should be gravely censured for bringing it forward.

MR. BOOTH said he objected entirely to the whole tenor of the resolution and the remarks made by Hon. Mr. Beaven in support of it, and he moved the following amendment:

"That all the words after the second 'the' in the first line, down to the end of the resolution be struck out, and in lieu thereof insert the following: Revenue for the present year, to the 30th June next, is estimated at $1,058,692, and that on the 1st of July, 1893, there were on hand available funds amounting to $375,266, and that in addition to this there was received from the Nakusp & Slocan railway company $118'400 which, under the railway aid act, reverted to the revenue of the province, making a total real and estimated sum of $1,552,338 available for the current fiscal year, ending 30th June, 1894, besides the balance for the time being of suitors fund deposits and intestate estates moneys; and whereas the total estimated expenditure, including provision for special warrants and all sums shown in the supplementary estimates after deducting lapsed balances, will amount approximately to $1,425,000, showing approximately a surplus of more than $125,000, exclusive of suitors and intestate funds, in favor of revenue, which will be far more than sufficient to meet any contingent liabilities on account of railway guarantees: Therefore be it resolved that in the opinion of this house the estimates of revenue and expenditure have been prepared with a due regard to economy and the requirements of the public service."

MR. BROWN spoke for twenty-five minutes, stating, amongst other things, that there is nothing before the country but certain bankruptcy.

HON. MR DAVIE referred to the prediction of bankruptcy and blue ruin by the hon. gentlemen opposite. British Columbia is, however, not alone in having public men who use such cries, and he read a quotation from a Winnipeg paper to show that in the province of Manitoba also they are troubled with such people, that paper pointing out that the injury they wrought arises from the fact that it is not known abroad that the object of these statements is merely to injure political opponents. He thought it was only those who, like the leader of the opposition, have no substantial interests in the country but keep all their money in the bank, where they can draw it out any day they decide to move out of the country, who spread these stories of impending disaster; while the solid men of the community, the men who have invested their money in real estate and in great public enterprises look forward with confidence to the future of the country speak cheerfully of its prospects, and support the government. He had heard the leader of the opposition charge the government with having forced the estimates through when half the members of the house were asleep, but that gentleman very well knew that the government were in no way responsible for what took place the other night, when the opposition deliberately acted upon a policy of simple obstruction, for they had stated openly in the afternoon that they would prevent the government putting through a single item of their estimates. They, however, undertook more than they could do, and had been euchred at their own game. It was the opposition members who had fallen asleep; those on the government side were wide awake enough. Early in the evening it became quite apparent that it was the intention of the opposition to talk against time, and they commenced to read from speeches and quote from hand-books. Not content with speaking once, twice or even half a dozen times, upon each item, they exercised the privilege which the fact of being in committee gave them, to repeat themselves over and over again and to fall back upon books, pamphlets and newspapers when they could not think of anything original to say. When they determined to thus waste time it became necessary that the government should gain time, and so it came that the house had to sit here passing the estimates when the members certainly ought to have been in bed. He proceeded to deal with the possible cost of the Shuswap & Okanagan railway guarantee, and showed that the Dominion subsidy and the 40 per cent. of the gross receipts to be paid to the province would in a few years amply secure the province against any loss. He pointed out that one reason why the receipts are not larger already is that the Canadian Pacific railway company had been bound not to charge any but low rates, and whilst on this account the province as a whole might for a time incur a small liability the country through which the road passes reaps the benefit. He believed that after a few years the 40 per cent. would meet any liability for which the government is liable, this percentage at the present time yielding about $12,000 Respecting the Victoria and Sidney road, the party chiefly responsible for the guarantee is the City of Victoria, which had guaranteed three-fifths of the amount, while the government guarantee was for the remaining two-fifths. The hon. leader of the opposition was the man who initiated the guarantee.

HON. MR. BEAVEN—I initiated it?

HON. MR. DAVIE—Certainly; you were Mayor of Victoria at the time.

HON. MR. BEAVEN—What had I to do with it?

HON. MR. DAVIE said Mr. Beaven was clearly responsible, because as Mayor he had power to send the by-law back to the council, which he did not do. The same hon. gentleman had repeated to-day the oft-refuted statement that by the conversion scheme the country would lose upwards of $600,000. His method was simple; it was to take the debit of the account only. To use a simple illustration, he was, like a grocer, for instance, would be, who, if he had a costumer with a running account, would keep all the purchases added up on one side and give the customer no credit for the payments on account made every month or every three or four months. This was exactly parallel to what the hon. gentlemen opposite did when they failed to take into consideration at all what the province got in the saving in interest and in the sinking fund released by the conversion. Against the cost of conversion there had to be placed $450,000 released from the sinking fund and $25,000 a year saved in interest. Respecting the suitors' and intestate estate funds, he read from the financial statements of former years, when Hon. Mr. Beaven and his friends were in power, to show that at that time the same funds were used as part of the ordinary revenue, without any legislative authority, such as at present existed, and when they did not carry interest, as they do now. With regard to special warrants, he showed that in a country like this it is practically impossible to get along without resort to these, but, as the member for Comox showed the other day, the proportion which the amount of the special warrants bears to the total expenditure is much less now than it was during the term of office of the party opposite. The leader of the opposition had not attempted to controvert this statement.

HON. MR. BEAVEN—I don't think it worth talking about.

HON. MR. DAVIE proceeded that that is a very convenient way of getting away from the question, but surely if the special warrants were right in 1874 they are not wrong in 1894, when the necessities of the province are so much greater. He declared that the policy of the party opposite is one only of obstruction and delay, the reason for which is that they know perfectly well that the government are anxious to go to the people, and instead of expediting the business to permit of the elections being speedily held they try to delay it as much as possible in the hope that they may be able yet to invent something to deceive the people.

Messrs. Sword and Semlin spoke against the financial policy of the government.

MR. TURNER took up Mr. Brown's statement that he (Mr. Turner) had compared the position of the province in relation to these so-called trust funds to that of a bank receiving the deposits of its customers and using these deposits for the benefit of its own business. Mr. Brown said this was all right, but he believed that when the bank published a statement it always showed that the funds received from its customers were a liability of the bank, and had Mr. Turner shown such a statement with respect to their trust funds, that such funds were a liability of the province, he would have done what was right, and then he (Mr. Brown) could have supported him, but as Mr. Turner had not made such a statement, he was, he thought, in the position of a director who published a fraudulent statement. Now, the hon. member from New Westminster was unfortunate in his remarks, or perhaps fortunate, for he would now have to support the government, as he, Mr. Turner, had published just such a statement as the member for New Westminster required—it appears in the public accounts report, it is the balance sheet of the province, the hon. gentleman could see in it the liability of the province for intestate estate, and suitors funds and similar moneys set forth as liabilities; a thoroughly clear and straight-forward statement, and when investors loaned their money, it was to the balance sheet of the province that they looked to ascertain its position and not to the list of revenue and expenditure submitted to the legislature. This balance sheet is published regularly and could not be appended to the simple list of revenue produced to be voted on in this house.

DR. WATT in a brief address rebuked Hon. Mr. Beaven for the bad example he had set the house, in the violent and abusive language he had made use of during the past few days.

MR. GRANT made a forcible speech in demonstration of the fact that the state of the provincial finances is one calling for congratulation rather than fault finding. He said that while the resolution moved by Hon. Mr. Beaven might be correct so far as the words go, he could not vote for it because the evident intention was to give a black eye to the credit of the province.

DR. MILNE spoke briefly in support of the resolution.

MR. KITCHEN moved the adjournment of the debate, which was agreed to.

PROGRESS OF BUSINESS.

MR. BROWN inquired when the government will be prepared to get down to the business of the session, and in the course of a dissertation on the alleged backwardness of the government in bringing down the measures to be considered, said that so far this session there had not been more accomplished than would be done at an ordinary night session of a town council.

MR. KEITH asked when the information he had asked for about the bureau of labor statistics would be laid before the house.

HON. COL BAKER informed him that the return had been presented to the house yesterday (laughter) and is now no doubt being printed.

MR KITCHEN inquired what had come of the examination of the census schedules, as he noticed there was nothing about them in the return presented to the house.

HON. MR. DAVIE replied that these schedules are at Mr. Kitchen's disposal if he wishes to examine them, but it would take two or three months to print them, to do which is therefore out of the question.

THE LIBRARY.

HON. MR. DAVIE presented a message from His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor transmitting a bill respecting the maintenance of a public library and a bureau of statistics.

Ordered, that the message and bill be taken into consideration to-morrow.

REDISTRIBUTION BILL.

HON. MR. DAVIE said, that before adjournment he wished to state that, as he supposed the gentlemen opposite are now prepared to proceed with the discussion of the redistribution bill, the government intend to take it up when the want of confidence motion now before the house is disposed of. In connection with what had been said by one hon. gentleman, he thought it safe to say that so far from the business being behind it is now further advanced than at this stage of the session in any previous year.

MR. KITCHEN—We are not complaining about a delay in the business, but that there are important bills yet coming down which will have to be put through in a hurry.

HON. MR DAVIE said it would be seen that the hon. gentlemen opposite do not agree very well in their opinions as to the progress of business. It was not five minutes since one of them had been lecturing the government for having done nothing, going so far as to make the remarkable statement that the whole business so far transacted could have been disposed of at one night sitting of a town council, and now another says that they have no complaint on that side about lack of business.

MR. BROWN here rose to modify his former complaint, saying that what he complained of was that important bills had not been brought down until a week or two ago.

MR. SWORD again brought up the matter of the census schedules, asking for particulars as to the population of whites, Indians and Chinese in the Dominion electoral districts.

MR KITCHEN said unless the information is laid before the house it will be impossible to discuss the bill properly.

HON. MR. DAVIE remarked that this was rather a contradiction of the argument used last year, that the information which these gentlemen now so urgently desire, and in the absence of which the government last year postponed the bill, was altogether useless; and the demand they are now making is surely a justification of the course of the government in deferring the preparation of the bill until they could obtain access to it.

The house adjourned at 6 p.m.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

MR. SWORD—On Thursday: That an order of the house be granted for a return showing the prices at which the trustees for the sinking funds, under the loan acts of 1877 and 1887, bought B. C. inscribed stock.

MR. ADAMS—That whereas there is a very large area in the province, north of the Canadian Pacific railway, with no immediate prospect of railway facilities; and whereas there are industries which may be prosecuted profitably without such facilities, viz., dairying and hop raising: Therefore be it resolved that it would be most advantageous if practical dairymen and hop growers could be induced to come into that section of the province to prosecute those industries, and that it is desirable that this house appoint a select committee to consider this matter with the view as above set forth.

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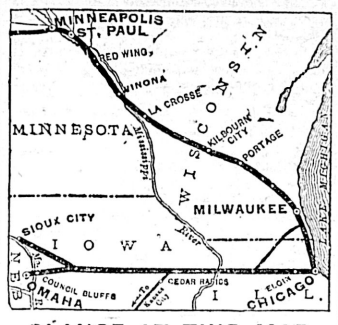

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A. BECHTEL.
Victoria, B.C., January 19, 1891. fe13-31t

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A.M.	P.M.			P.M.	P.M.
De. 8.00	De. 2.00		Victoria	Ar. 12.24	Ar. 5.30
" 8.04	2.04	1	Russell's	" 12.20	" 5.26
" 8.14	2.14	4	Esquimalt	" 12.10	" 5.16
" 8.39	2.39	11	Goldstream	" 11.45	" 4.51
" 9.14	3.10	20	Summit Siding	" 11.10	" 4.29
" 9.34	3.30	28	Shawnigan Lake	" 10.50	" 3.56
" 9.44	3.40	31	Cobble Hill	" 10.40	" 3.46
" 9.57	4.01	35	McPherson's	" 10.27	" 3.31
" 10.07	4.11	38	Bokiah	" 10.17	" 3.21
" 10.17	4.21	43	Duncans	" 10.12	" 3.16
" 10.22	4.26	49	Somenos	" 10.06	" 3.10
" 10.45	4.48	52	Chemainus	" 9.36	" 2.44
" 11.00	"	59	Oyster Bay Siding	" 9.15	" 2.26
Ar. 11.50	5.46	73	Nanaimo	De. 8.34	De. 1.45
De. 11.59	5.05	59	Wellington	Ar. 8.25	
Ar. 12.14	Ar. 6.00	78		De. 8.10	De. 1.30
P.M.	P.M.			A.M.	P.M.

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3.30 am	110	Ar †...Victoria.... Lv	M	7.30 am

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PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following named street is closed to public traffic till further notice, viz.: Stanley Street, from North Chatham to Bodwell Street.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

a11-tf

The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1894.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, February 28, 1894

Sun rises.... 6:42 a.m. | Sun sets .... 5:42 p.m.
Moon rises... 3:10 p.m. | Moon sets ..10:28 a.m.
Day of year—59th.

N.B.—The above calculations are based on mean solar time, which is 13m. 32s. slower than Victoria standard time.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Feb. 27, 1894.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a.m..	43°	Mean 45°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a.m..	42°		
9 a.m..	44°	Highest 50	5 a.m.—20 N.
1 p.m..	48°		1 p.m.—36 S.
5 p.m..	47°	Lowest 41°	9 p.m.—28 S.
9 p.m..	45°		Rain—.53

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Sunshine, 3hr. 6m.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

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Per Steamer PREMIER from Vancouver—J A Radduck, John Murphy, F Bloomquist, J Miler, A Cameron, Wm McPherson, Mrs Angus, Forrest Angus, P Kirk, S M Leigh, Mrs Leigh, Mrs Porter, W H Armstrong, Mrs Armstrong, A Cohen, Jas Ramsay, W E Drake, Max Leiser, A McQueen, Capt Soule, A W Renmson, R Hamilt n' N McLean, C A Stoess, A L Tregent, Mrs Tregent, P J Jones, Capt Tatlow, H P McCraney, W H Hayward, J Losse, F S Roper, J Bowron, J McLean, Mrs McLean, H P Ceperley, Capt Robertson, F W Parker, Miss Dawson, S Tingley, J W McFarland.

CONSIGNEES.

Per CITY OF KINGSTON, from the Sound—Langley & Co, D H Ross & Co, Major & Eldridge, R P Rithet & Co, Welsh Bros, Winch & Bower, S Leiser, John Reinhart, Brackman & Ker, R Baker & Son, Bank of B N A, Lowenburg & Co, H C Beeton & Co, S Leiser, H Young & Co, Langley & Co, D Campbell & Co, W & J Wilson, Lenz & Leiser, J Petterson.

Per Steamer PREMIER from Vancouver—Wm Matheson, H Saunders, Allice & Ault, Lenz & Leiser, Wilson Bros, J Piercy & Co, A B Maskine, J Fullerton, J H Baker, Gilmore & Mc, N Ponter, S Marks, Mrs Bickford, Weiler Bros, A J Rowbotham, S Leiser, J Isaacs, S Reid, B Williams, M M Powell, Agent Telegraph, Stemler & Earle, J H Todd, Lieut Col Prior, C R King, E Wall & Co, F R Stewart, Dr Milne, Johns Bros, McL & McF, Wm Beach, Robt Heron, Dom Exp Co.

BIRTH.

SMITH—At 82 North Park street, February 27th, the wife of J. McKay Smith, of a son.

DIED.

BISHOP—On Sunday, the 25th instant, Caleb Bishop, a native of Rowlande Castle, Hampshire, England, aged 65 years and 3 months.

The funeral will leave his late residence, Russell street, Victoria West, at 2 p.m. on Saturday, March 3rd. Friends will please accept this intimation.

FRANCIS—On the 25th inst., in the 86th year of her age, Cecelia Bending Duncan, relict of the late Hon. Allan Francis, a native of Glasgow, Scotland.

The funeral will take place on Thursday at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 135 Pandora avenue, and at the Reformed Episcopal church at 2:30 p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

MCMILLAN—On February 26th, at 11:05 p.m., at the family residence, 273 Yates street, Mrs. Findlay McMillan, a native of Dumbartonshire, Scotland, aged 77 years.

The funeral will leave the family residence, at 2 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, March 1.

BURTON—At Strawberry Vale, on the 27th instant, the infant son of Frank and Maude Burton, aged 8 days.

"TIRED OF LIFE."

THE CRY OF THOUSANDS.

Paine's Celery Compound Renews Life.

IT SAVES MEN AND WOMEN.

"Tired of life!" Thousands of weary and suffering mortals are still uttering this sad wail. They are the men and women who have not heard of nature's great healer, Paine's Celery Compound.

"Had I the time and means at my disposal," said a Montreal gentleman the other day who had been taken from the brink of the grave by the use of Paine's Celery Compound, "I would visit every home in Canada where sickness is found, and urge the use of earth's best medicine with all my power. I honestly think Paine's Celery Compound is worthy of such efforts.

Tired of life, are you? Then let us say for your benefit that thousands now enjoy perfect health and great strength who were once in your condition, and who often longed for death. They were made whole by the curing powers of Paine's Celery Compound. This wonderful remedy is at your hand; the experience of thousands around you dictate its use; you have every honest promise that it can and will meet your case, so that there is no excuse for delay on your part. Do not put the matter off another day; your very life depends on prompt action.

SPECIAL facilities for making blank books. R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

THE KASLO FIRE.

Front Street and the Business Portion of the Town Burned Up.

No Reports of Distress—Energy of the People—Several Attempts at Incendiarism.

SEATTLE, Feb. 27.—The following special report of the fire appears in the Seattle Post-Intelligencer:—

The fire burned almost the whole of Front street lying between Third and Fourth streets, only six buildings on the south side being saved. The fire originated in the kitchen of the Bon Ton restaurant, and is said to have been the result of gross carelessness or something worse. It was discovered about 2 o'clock in the morning, and in less than an hour and a half had completed its devastating work. On the north side of the street every building is burned, while on the south side, as a result of stubborn fighting and some dynamite, the blaze was got under control at the Leland hotel. Thence to Third street all escaped. Messrs. J. B. Wilson, Green Bros. and Dr. Livita's drug store suffer by removal of stock, but the loss is fully covered by insurance. On the north side Mahoney & Lundberg, Alderman Kane, A. W. Wright, James M. Donald, G. O. Buchanan, Goldstein, Ewin, Stone, Almour and the Byers Hardware company are the principal losers, and are more or less covered by insurance, although the insurance companies have lately been canceling policies. The customs house was burned, but the books and papers were saved.

Kane has no insurance; Wright has $1,500 on his house, but nothing on his stock; Mahoney has no insurance; Goldstein, Buchanan and Ewin are insured; Stone has $1 000 on his building; Almour has some insurance; the Byers Hardware Company has $10,000 on the stock and something on the building. Many tenants have lost heavily, and only a few were able to save any of their belongings. On the south side Fletcher & Fletcher have lost the Grand Central hotel, with partial insurance; Wilson & Perdue lost their building, but saved most of their stock; Stalding's building, occupied by Henderson's store, was uninsured, as was also the tenant, and both lost heavily; Geigerich was able to save much of his stock, but lost the building, though his loss is covered by insurance. Mrs. Gunn, of the Baldwin hotel, got out a portion of the furniture, but had a narrow escape herself. John Ward, of Cœur d'Alene, saved his bar fittings and furniture in a damaged state. He had $750 insurance on stock, but the policies on the building were cancelled two or three weeks ago. John M. Burke's bank building was burned, but it is covered by insurance. The Washington mine had an office in this building, and Mr. Irwin, the secretary, reports that the papers are probably secure in the bank safe. Retallech, receiver of Burke's bank, loses his furniture and other office property, uninsured.

There were several buildings pulled down and two or three blown up by dynamite, and among them Byers' hardware building, where the explosion was very heavy, shattering most of the glass in town and injuring two or three people, but not very severely. The buildings occupied by the Galena Trading company were severely injured by the explosion, but the stock was not damaged. Business has already been resumed. Most of those burned out are already housed, and there is no report of distress. The disaster has not crushed the energy of the people. Three attempts have been made to burn the town within five weeks. It was totally without fire protection, and the insurance companies had cancelled many policies of late.

SEATTLE'S TRAGEDIES.

The Queen City the Scene of Two Suicides and an Attempted Murder.

SEATTLE, Feb. 27.—Two tragedies have taken place here in the last twenty-four hours—an attempted murder and successful suicide yesterday afternoon, and a suicide this afternoon. W. M. White, livery stable man, late last evening, aroused by whisky and jealous of James F. Holt, who he claims was intimate with Mrs. White, shot Holt on sight four times. White walked a block away, put the pistol to his heart and was killed instantly. Holt is alive, but his condition is critical. To-day R. W. Delion, a pioneer of the coast and a skillful engineer and prominent promoter of public enterprises, leaving many tokens of his work in Washington and Oregon, blew out his brains with a revolver. The cause was loss of wealth and impaired faculties. He was tried for insanity on his relatives' complaint, last Fall.

RUSSIANS AND PRUSSIANS.

Fighting on the Frontier Between Uhlans and Dragoons—Several Soldiers Killed.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 27.—Rumors of a battle between Russian and German troops on the frontier have been current in military circles in Moscow for several days. One version of the reported fight is as follows: A squadron of Russian dragoons saw a party of Uhlans making a target of a frontier post on which the Russian arms were displayed. The Russian commander requested the Prussians to stop firing at the post. The Prussians ignored the request. A skirmish followed, in which several on both sides were killed. The Russians pursued the Prussians for some distance after the fight.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY BILL.

Manifesto Calling on Workingmen to Refuse to Submit to the Peers' Amendments.

LONDON, Feb 28.—The Parliamentary Committee of the Trades Union congress has issued an important manifesto with reference to the Employers' Liability bill appealing to workingmen not to submit to the Lords' attempts to block industrial progress, and urging them to elect delegates to the national conference to be held on March 17th. This meeting will be followed by a demonstration in Hyde Park on March 18th.

TORONTO TESTIMONY.

DEAR SIRS,—Two years ago I had a bad attack of biliousness and took one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and can truly recommend it to any suffering from that complaint.
MRS. CHARLES BROWN, Toronto.

Sheffield Cutlery Store.

Pocket knives, table cutlery, shears and razors in great variety at Fox's, 78 Government street.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

Attorney-General Casgrain, of Quebec, Demands That Manitoba's School Ordinance Be Disallowed.

MONTREAL, Feb. 27.—(Special.)—The Conservatives held a political demonstration to day. There was a very large attendance to listen to addresses on the political issues of the day from members of the Quebec Cabinet. Among those present, and who made addresses, were Premier Taillon, Provincial Secretary Pelletier, Treasurer Hall, Attorney General Casgrain and Minister of Agricultural Beaubien. Mr. Caegrain, the first speaker, in the course of his speech referred to the Manitoba school question and declared that his remarks on this question were made as a citizen and not as a member of the Quebec Government. He said that the Catholics of the Northwest were entitled by guarantees to their separate schools and although the school ordinance might be constitutional, he claimed that it was the right and duty of the Dominion Government to disallow it on the ground that it was against the general interest. It was about time that the fanatics of Ontario and the other provinces were made to understand that the Catholics had rights under Confederation which were intended as a pact. Fanatics were doing their best to break the pact but all men of moderation should strive to see that they did not succeed. The French-Canadians, however, did not want Mercier as a leader as there were plenty of Conservatives who would see that justice was rendered to the Catholics.

BRAZILIAN MATTERS.

Presidential Election at Hand—Town Captured by Insurgents—Fatal Explosion on the "Venus."

MONTEVIDEO, Feb. 27.—No official candidate has yet been announced, though the presidential election here takes place next Thursday. These tactics of the official party are incomprehensible to the general public.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Feb. 27.—A despatch received from the minister at Rio states that it is reported the insurgents have captured Sapo, a town on the coast, eight miles out of Desterro.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres confirms the report of the explosion of the magazine of the insurgent steamer Venus at Rio Janeiro. The commander, two other officers and thirty sailors were killed and fifty marines were wounded.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Almost all Knights of Labor.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 27.—An official report from local assembly, 2676, of the Knights of Labor at Hull, Quebec, received at headquarters here, states among other things that the knights of that city propose to hold a demonstration in recognition of the fact that the mayor and nine of the twelve members of the council are members of the order. Hitherto the city council has been composed exclusively of non-unionists.

Neil Dow's Ninetieth Birthday.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Letters are being received daily from Miss Francis E. Willard, who is still an invalid at Henry Somersets's cottage at Reigate, England, giving suggestions to the various branches of the Women's Christian Temperance Union in this country regarding the proposed national observance in March next of the ninetieth birthday, of General Neal Dow. Advices received at the headquarters in this city state that every State and Territory in the union has been heard from, and that the celebration is being actively worked up throughout Great Britain and Ireland. All over the world temperance workers will take up a collection on the same day for the work of the world's union.

Postal Telegraph Directors.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—At the annual meeting of the Postal Telegraph Cable Company, held in New York to-day, the following directors were re-elected: Geo. S Coe, E C. Platt, A. B. Chandler, Geo. G. Ward, Wm. H Baker, John W. Mackay, Chas. R. Hosmer, W. C. Van Horne, James W. Ellsworth, John Mackay jr., and J. O. Stevens.

Bad Banking in Italy.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—A dispatch to the Central News from Rome says: In consequence of the discovery of further defaults the Government has ordered new inquiry into the affairs of the Banca Italia. The Banca Anticipione, of Naples, has applied for more time.

French Corn Tax Adopted.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—The House adopted the Corn Tax bill to-day.

Imprisoned for Life.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—The Anarchist Marpeaux was sentenced to-day to penal servitude for life for murdering Police Inspector Colson in November last.

Bayard Will Not Resign.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—A report which has been circulated here that U. S. Ambassador Thomas F. Bayard intends to resign has been promptly and emphatically denied by Mr. Bayard himself.

ANGUS-HENSHAW.

On Saturday afternoon at half past three o'clock, the marriage of Mr. Forbes Angus, the eldest son of Mr. R. B. Angus, to Miss Mary E Henshaw, only daughter of Mr. F. W. Henshaw, was celebrated at St. George's church by His Lordship the Bishop of Montreal, assisted by the Rev. Canon Anderson, uncle of the bride, and Dean Carmichael. The bridesmaids were Miss Grace Patterson and Miss Margaret Angus. Mr. Fred. E. Meredith was best man, and Mr. W. Angus, Mr. Charles Godfrey and Mr. W. R. MacInnes were ushers. Mr. Henshaw, father of the bride, who was sufficiently recovered from his recent accident to be present, met his daughter at the altar to give her away, having quietly preceded the bridal party to the church. The wedding gifts, which were numerous and costly, were arranged upstairs in the morning room. Amongst them were three checks, a diamond brooch, diamond and beryl pendant, topaz and pearl necklet, silver flower pots, silver and pearl fruit service.—Montreal Star, Feb. 19.

An obedience to the simple laws of hygiene and the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will enable the most delicate man or sickly woman to pass in ease and safety from the icy atmosphere of February to the worm, moist days of April. It is the best of spring medicines.

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency

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CAPITAL PAID UP, $300,000.00. | RESERVE, : : : $80,000.00.

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DEPOSITS RECEIVED, BEARING INTEREST AT 5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

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SEE THAT YOU GET THE

"Reindeer" Brand Condensed Milk.

For Purity, Flavor, Richness, Keeping Qualities, and as a Food for Infants and Invalids, the "Reindeer" Brand is unsurpassed. All good grocers keep it from Halifax to Victoria.

Agents for British Columbia, MARTIN & ROBERTSON, Victoria and Vancouver.

WOODLAND PARK

(TOLMIE ESTATE)

JUST OUTSIDE THE CITY LIMITS

And intersected by Douglas, Quadra and Cook Streets.

THIS IS THE CHOICEST

Residential and Garden Property

Ever placed upon the market, and the terms cannot be excelled.

Inspect our Lists of City and Farm Properties Before Closing a Deal.

TOLMIE LAND CO.

16 TROUNCE AVENUE.

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A. M. BRODZIAK & CO.,

General Merchants, Importers and Exporters.

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS,

SUVA, - - - - FIJI.

Advances Made Against Consignments. de15

DR. BAKER'S

PAINLESS EXTRACTION OF TEETH.

Having purchased the sole right to use Dr. Kellogg's local anæsthetic in Victoria, I can now

EXTRACT TEETH ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN.

The medicine is a perfectly safe, local anæsthetic, having several advantages over any other preparation now in use.

It Produces a Healing Effect upon the Gums. Has No Unpleasant After-Effects Whatever.

By applying it to the gums, the living pulp or nerve can be extirpated without a vestige of pain, which has not been hitherto accomplished by any local application.

If you need any Teeth Extracted we can do it WITHOUT PAIN or no money asked.

OFFICE, 98 YATES STREET,

OVER COCHRANE & MUNN'S DRUG STORE.

fe2-3m

MORTGAGE SALE.

Wednesday March 7, 1894.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage dated 16th November, 1891, sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon on WEDNESDAY, 7th MARCH, 1894, for the purchase of the following property, viz: All that piece or parcel of land situated in the district of North Saanich known as lots 16, 17 and 18, range 1 east (except the east one third thereof), comprising 200 acres more or less, all under a high state of cultivation, and at present in possession of Mow Long, being one of the most desirable farms in North Saanich. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For particulars apply to

J. C. MACLURE,
feb22 2w Temple Building, Victoria, B.C.

NOTICE.

Please take notice that M. Katzauer is no longer our agent. James Rosenberger will hereafter conduct the management of our establishment.

We shall pay full market value for all kinds of Raw Furs and Skins. Consignments solicited and prompt returns made.

Yours truly,
J. & A. BOSKOWITZ.
Per J. ROSENBERGER.

P.S.—Address all shipments and communications to James Rosenberger, P.O. Box 72, Victoria. fe8 3m

MEMORIAL STAINED GLASS WINDOWS
N. T. LYON. TORONTO

AND ALL KINDS OF

STAINED GLASS

FOR DWELLINGS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

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AUCTION SALES.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.

Are instructed to remove to their Sale Room, 34-36 Broad St. and 17 Trounce Ave., and to sell by

AUCTION

—ON—

FRIDAY, MARCH 2nd, 1894

AT 2 O'CLOCK P.M.

—The following desirable—

FURNITURE!

Solid Oak Bed Set, Ash ditto, Maple Bedstead, Wire and Box Spring Mattresses, Pillows, Blankets, Tapestry Carpets, Upholstered Lounge, Oak Centre Table, Maple Occasional Table, Oak Sideboard with plate glass back, Ash ditto, Extension Table, six Dining Chairs, Single Wardrobe, Singer Sewing Machine, Hammock Chair, Baby Buggy, Upholstered Oak Rocker, Green Baize Table, Drop Leaf Table, Pictures, a Very Fine Walnut Cabinet Raymond Sewing Machine in perfect condition, Writing Desk, Writing Table Kitchen Table and Chairs, No. 8 Cook Stove, Cooking Utensils, etc.

TERMS CASH.

H. Cuthbert & Comp'y, Auctioneers

PROVINCIAL CATTLE MARKET

AUCTION!

—ON—

Wednesday, February 28th, at 2 p.m.

(By the Victoria Auction Company.)

Light Grey Horse (works single or double.)
Bay Mare, suitable for buggy or light wagon.
Double Set of Harness.
One very good express wagon.
Terms Cash.

W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.
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THE

Stanley House.

SEVERAL CASES OF THE

LATEST SPRING GOODS

JUST ARRIVED.

Prints,
Dress Tweeds,
Fancy Dress Goods,
Trimmings,
Braids,
Silks,
Cravenette Cloth,
Black Goods,
Muslins,
Hosiery, etc.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

W. S. HAMPSON

MANAGER,
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FRESH EGGS.

Parties wishing Fresh Eggs (direct from the country every morning) should leave their orders for daily delivery at 9 and 10 City Market.

W. B. SYLVESTER. fe10

PHŒNIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1782.

UNLIMITED LIABILITY FOR INSURING every kind of property in all parts of the world, from Loss or Damage by Fire.

More than £19,000,000 in discharge of claims for Losses by Fire, has been paid by this Company since its establishment.

Prompt cash payments and full power to settle all Losses and Claims, without referring to the Head office in London.

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